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TEST BOOKLET

Sl. No. 42354

STREAM ARTS

SET CODE B

B.Ed. ADMISSION TEST-2024

Time Allowed : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

: INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET CONTAINS 16 PAGES AND DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. Don't break open the seal of the Test Booklet until the invigilator instructs you to do so.
3. You have to enter your Roll No. on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. **DO NOT** write anything else on the Test Booklet.

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4. The Test Booklet contains 100 questions. Each question comprises four answers. You have to select the correct answer which you want to mark (darken) on the **Answer Sheet (OMR Sheet)**. In any case choose **ONLY ONE** answer for each question. If more than one answer is darkened, it will be considered as wrong.
5. You have to mark (darken) all your answers only on the **OMR Answer Sheet using BLACK BALL POINT PEN** provided by the State Selection Board. You have to do rough work only in the space provided at the end of the Test Booklet. See instructions in the Answer Sheet.
6. All questions carry equal marks. While one mark will be awarded for each correct answer, each wrong answer will result in negative marking of **0.25** mark.
7. Before you proceed to mark (darken) the answers in the **OMR Answer Sheet** to the questions in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per the instructions in your Hall Ticket (Admit Card).
8. On completion of the examination, you should hand over the **original Answer Sheet (OMR Sheet)** issued to you to the Invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall. You are allowed to take with you the candidate's copy (second copy) of the **OMR Answer Sheet** along with the Test Booklet for your reference.
9. No candidate shall be allowed to leave the Examination Hall / Room till all OMR Answer Sheets have been collected by the Invigilator.

SEAL

Direction: Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions (Q. Nos. 1 to 5) choosing the correct alternatives :

Children should be educated without pressure. They should enter into adulthood free from the damaging effects of tradition and fear. Free expression of thought should be given to the children. A child once asked Krishnamurthy, "Is it your hobby to give lectures ? Don't you get tired of talking ? Why are you doing it ?" Krishnamurthy replied : "I am glad you asked these questions. You know, if you love something, you never get tired of it. I mean love in which there is no desire of wanting something out of it. If you are talking because you are getting something out of it : money, reward, sense of your importance : then there is weariness. Then it has no meaning because it is only self-fulfillment, but if there is love in your heart, it is like a fountain, always giving fresh water."

1. Children should be educated without _____ Pick out the correct option to complete the sentence :
- (A) Notes
 - (B) Money
 - (C) Pressure
 - (D) Books

2. Which of the following has no damaging effect on children ?
- (A) Tradition
 - (B) Fear
 - (C) Superstition
 - (D) Free expression of thought
3. If you _____ something, you never get tired of it.
Pick out the correct option :
- (A) Hate
 - (B) Love
 - (C) Enjoy
 - (D) Dislike
4. Which quality of Krishnamurthy excited the child ?
- (A) Talking
 - (B) Singing
 - (C) Listening
 - (D) Enjoying
5. What does Krishnamurthy compare love with ?
- (A) A fountain of fresh water
 - (B) A source of inspiration
 - (C) A thing of delight
 - (D) A feeling of excitement

Direction : Answer the questions (Q. Nos. 6 to 15) choosing the correct alternatives :

6. The word similar in meaning to 'weariness' is :
- (A) Reward
 - (B) Worries
 - (C) Anxiety
 - (D) Extreme tiredness
7. Which word is wrongly matched with its antonym ?
- (A) Damaging – Preserving
 - (B) Give – Take
 - (C) Never – Always
 - (D) Fresh – Bitter
8. Which word is not correctly spelt ?
- (A) Definition
 - (B) Tution
 - (C) Calendar
 - (D) Twelfth
9. Want _____ quality of goods or services is called utility.
Pick out the most suitable word :
- (A) Satisfying
 - (B) Satisfy
 - (C) Satisfied
 - (D) Satisfaction
10. Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated ?
- (A) The rose said, "Can you sing a song for me ?"
 - (B) The bird said, "Give me a beautiful smile !"
 - (C) The rose said, "The weather is not good."
 - (D) The bird said, "It may change soon."
11. Weather is changing fast. The underlined word is a :
- (A) Noun
 - (B) Adjective
 - (C) Verb
 - (D) Adverb
12. If rain _____, we can resume the match.
The correct form of the verb is :
- (A) Will stop
 - (B) Stops
 - (C) Stopped
 - (D) Would stop
13. Mother is feeding the baby. The sentence can be changed into passive voice as :
- (A) The baby is fed by mother.
 - (B) The baby was being fed by mother.
 - (C) The baby is being fed by mother.
 - (D) The baby has been fed by mother.

4. Bunty asked me what I was doing then.

The sentence can be changed into direct speech as :

- (A) Bunty said to me, "What are you doing now ?"
- (B) Bunty said to me, "What are you doing ?"
- (C) Bunty said to me, "What I was doing then ?"
- (D) Bunty said to me, "What was I doing then ?"

15. The conjurer is too unwell to perform.

It can be changed into a complex sentence as :

- (A) The conjurer is extremely unwell to perform.
- (B) The conjurer is very unwell and he cannot perform.
- (C) The conjurer is so unwell that he cannot perform.
- (D) The conjurer is unwell ; otherwise, he can perform.

ପ୍ରଦତ୍ତ ଅନୁଚ୍ଛେଦଟି ପଢ଼ି ୧୬ ରୁ ୧୮ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଉତ୍ତର ବାଛି ଲେଖ :

ମନୁଷ୍ୟ ଭିନ୍ନ ଭିନ୍ନ ବିଷମ, ବିପରୀତ ମାନସିକ ବୃତ୍ତିମାନଙ୍କର କ୍ରୀଡ଼ାଭୂମି ଅଟେ । ଏହି ଅବୋଧ ମାନବ-ପ୍ରକୃତି ଏହି ସୃଷ୍ଟିର ପ୍ରଧାନ ଉପକରଣ । ଏହା କ୍ଷଣକ୍ଷଣକେ ବଦଳୁଛି । କେତେବେଳେ

ମନୁଷ୍ୟକୁ ନେଇ ସ୍ୱର୍ଗରେ, କୋଇଲି ବୈକୁଣ୍ଠରେ ବୋଲି ପହଞ୍ଚାଇ ଦେଉଛି, ଫେର ଆର ଘଡ଼ିକି ସେହି ମନୁଷ୍ୟକୁ ପଛବୁହା କରି କାନ୍ଧ ହାବୁକା ମାରି ମାରି ନରକରେ, କୁମ୍ଭୀପାକରେ, ଶିମିଳି ଗଛରେ ପିତା ଘଷାଇ ଦେଉଛି । ଏଥିପାଇଁ ବେଙ୍ଗ କହେ, 'ବେଙ୍ଗୁଲି ଲୋ ! ମହା କ୍ଷଣକ୍ଷଣକେ ଆନ ।' ତେଣୁ ସାଂସାରିକ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିରେ ଯାହା ଏକରକମ ସୂକ୍ଷ୍ମ, ଅନ୍ୟ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିରେ ତାହା ଅନ୍ୟରକମ ଦେଖାଯାଏ । ବୈଷୟିକ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିରେ ଧନ, ଜନ, ଐଶ୍ୱର୍ଯ୍ୟ, କ୍ଷମତା ଆଦି ଯେପରି ଆଦରଣୀୟ ବସ୍ତୁ, ଆଧ୍ୟାତ୍ମିକ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିରେ ଏଗୁଡ଼ିକ ସେହିପରି ହେୟ ଓ ବର୍ଜନୀୟ । ବ୍ୟକ୍ତି ବିଶେଷଙ୍କ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିରେ ଏଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଭିନ୍ନ ଭିନ୍ନ ।

16. ମନୁଷ୍ୟକୁ କାହାର କ୍ରୀଡ଼ାଭୂମି ରୂପେ କୁହାଯାଇଛି ?

- (A) ବିଷମ ଚିତ୍ତନର
- (B) ବିପରୀତ ମାନସିକ ବୃତ୍ତିର
- (C) ଭିନ୍ନ ଭିନ୍ନ ଭାବନାର
- (D) ଏକାନ୍ତ ଆନୁଗତ୍ୟର

17. ଏହି ସୃଷ୍ଟିର ପ୍ରଧାନ ଉପକରଣ ବୋଲି କାହାକୁ କୁହାଯାଇଛି ?

- (A) ଅବୋଧ ମାନବ ପ୍ରକୃତିକୁ
- (B) ବିଷମ ଅବବୋଧକୁ
- (C) ଭିନ୍ନ ଭିନ୍ନ ମାନସିକ ଚିତ୍ତନକୁ
- (D) ଭିନ୍ନ ଭାବନାକୁ

18. ଆଧ୍ୟାତ୍ମିକ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିରେ କେଉଁଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବର୍ଜନୀୟ ?

- (A) ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ସ୍ୱର୍ଗଲୀଳସା
- (B) ସାଂସାରିକ ମାୟା
- (C) ବୈଷୟିକ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିରେ ଯାହା ଆଦରଣୀୟ
- (D) ବଡ଼ପଣ

19. ବର୍ଣ୍ଣବର୍ଣ୍ଣମାନଙ୍କ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ କେଉଁ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମହାପ୍ରାଣ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ ?

- (A) ୧ମ ଓ ୨ୟ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ
- (B) ୨ୟ ଓ ୩ୟ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ
- (C) ୩ୟ ଓ ୪ର୍ଥ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ
- (D) ୨ୟ ଓ ୪ର୍ଥ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ

20. ଚିଳରେ ତୈଳ ଥାଏ — ଏ ବାକ୍ୟରେ 'ଚିଳରେ' ଠାରେ କେଉଁ ଅର୍ଥରେ ୭ମୀ ବିଭକ୍ତି ହୋଇଛି ?

- (A) ଐକଦେଶିକ
- (B) ବୈଷୟିକ
- (C) ଅଭିବ୍ୟାପକ
- (D) କାଳାଧିକରଣ

21. କ୍ରିୟାବିଶେଷଣରେ କେଉଁ ବିଭକ୍ତି ହୋଇଥାଏ ?

- (A) ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟା
- (B) ତୃତୀୟା
- (C) ଚତୁର୍ଥୀ
- (D) ଷଷ୍ଠୀ

22. କେଉଁଟି ତହିତ ପଦ ଚିହ୍ନାଥ :

- (A) ସୌରଭ
- (B) ଶୁଥା
- (C) ଖେଳଣା
- (D) ଶୁଣାଣି

23. ଏକାଗ୍ରଚିତ୍ରରେ ଭଗବାନଙ୍କୁ ଡାକ, ଏବଂ ସେ ତୁମର ଦୁର୍ଭିକ୍ଷା ଦୂର କରିବେ — ଏହା କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାର ବାକ୍ୟ ?

- (A) ସରଳ
- (B) ଯୌଗିକ
- (C) ଜଟିଳ
- (D) ମିଶ୍ର

24. 'ଉର୍ଣ୍ଣନାଭ' ଠାରେ କେଉଁ ସମାସ ହୋଇଥାଏ ?

- (A) କର୍ମଧାରୟ
- (B) ତତ୍ପୁରୁଷ
- (C) ବହୁବ୍ରୀହି
- (D) ଅଲୁକ୍

25. କେଉଁଟି ଶୁଭ ଶବ୍ଦ ରୂପ ?

- (A) ଉର୍ଣ୍ଣ
- (B) ଉର୍ଣ୍ଣ
- (C) ଉର୍ଣ୍ଣ
- (D) ଉର୍ଣ୍ଣ

26. During the course of which Anglo-Mysore War Hyder Ali died ?

- (A) First Anglo-Mysore War
- (B) Second Anglo-Mysore War
- (C) Third Anglo-Mysore War
- (D) Fourth Anglo-Mysore War

27. Which Indian ruler accepted the Subsidiary Alliance initiated by Lord Wellesley first ?
- (A) The Sindhia of Gwalior
(B) The Holkars of Indore
(C) The Nawab of Oudh
(D) Nizam of Hyderabad
28. Whose Philosophical ideas were published in the work *Satyarth Prakash* ?
- (A) Rammohan Roy
(B) Vivekananda
(C) Dayananda Saraswati
(D) Sree Narayan Guru
29. Where was the headquarter of the Theosophical Society situated ?
- (A) Poona
(B) Adyar
(C) Calcutta
(D) Rishikesh
30. Who wrote the book *The Economic History of India* in two volumes ?
- (A) Dadabhai Naoroji
(B) Ramesh Chandra Dutt
(C) Gopal Krishna Ghokhale
(D) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
31. Who wrote the book *Bhavani Mandir* ?
- (A) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
(B) Rabindra Nath Tagore
(C) Dinabandhu Mitra
(D) Aurobindo Ghosh
32. Where did the Indian National Congress adopt the resolutions on 'Fundamental Right' and 'National Economic Programme' in 1931 ?
- (A) Karachi
(B) Bombay
(C) Calcutta
(D) Lucknow
33. Which Emperor of France said, 'I am the State' ?
- (A) Louis XIV
(B) Louis XV
(C) Louis XVI
(D) Louis XVIII
34. Apart from England and France, which country was the third member of 'Triple Entente' formed before the First World War ?
- (A) Italy
(B) Russia
(C) Austria
(D) Germany

35. Name the country which opposed Germany in the First World War but supported it in the Second World War :
- (A) Spain
(B) Italy
(C) Japan
(D) Russia
36. By which Amendment of the Indian Constitution, the terms "Socialist" and "Secular" were inserted in the Preamble ?
- (A) 42 nd
(B) 44 th
(C) 73 rd
(D) 74 th
37. What is the date of the commencement of the Indian Constitution ?
- (A) 26th January, 1948
(B) 26th November, 1949
(C) 26th January, 1950
(D) 15th August, 1949
38. The Right to Freedom of Religion is contained within which Articles of the Constitution of India ?
- (A) Article 14 to Article 18
(B) Article 19 to Article 22
(C) Article 25 to Article 28
(D) Article 29 to Article 30
39. Fundamental Rights in the Indian Constitution have been taken from the :
- (A) Russian Constitution
(B) The U. S. Constitution
(C) The British Constitution
(D) Act of 1935
40. The maximum permissible strength of the Rajya Sabha is :
- (A) 250
(B) 260
(C) 300
(D) 350
41. The Council of Ministers is collectively responsible to which of the following ?
- (A) President of India
(B) Prime Minister of India
(C) The Rajya Sabha
(D) The Lok Sabha
42. The Council of Ministers shall not exceed _____ % of the total number of members of the Assembly of States.
- (A) 12
(B) 15
(C) 20
(D) 25
43. Under which Article can the Supreme Court issue a writ ?
- (A) Article 32
(B) Article 131
(C) Article 143
(D) Article 226

(Turn over)

(7)

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44. A judge of the Supreme Court of India may resign from his / her office by writing to :
- (A) The Prime Minister
 - (B) The Law Minister
 - (C) The Chief Justice of Supreme Court
 - (D) The President
45. Who among the following administers the Oath of Office to a Judge of a High Court ?
- (A) The Governor of the State
 - (B) The President
 - (C) The Chief Justice of India
 - (D) The Chief Justice of the High Court
46. The perimeter of which of the following parallels of latitude in both the hemispheres is apparently one half of the equatorial circumference ?
- (A) 45°
 - (B) 50°
 - (C) 60°
 - (D) 65°
47. The Tropic of Cancer almost passes through three of the following places. Identify the one which is farther away from the Tropic.
- (A) Champai, Mizoram
 - (B) Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh
 - (C) Jasdan, Gujarat
 - (D) Lohardaga, Jharkhand
48. Which among the following Himalayan passes is located in a mountain range different from the other three ?
- (A) Banihal
 - (B) Lipulekh
 - (C) Nethu La
 - (D) Zoji La
49. Which of the following streams belongs to a drainage system different from the other three ?
- (A) The Kali
 - (B) The Koshi
 - (C) The Son
 - (D) The Teesta
50. Which area in India gets rainfall in winter due to western disturbances ?
- (A) The Kashmir Valley
 - (B) The Kaveri Delta
 - (C) The Malabar Coast
 - (D) The Meghalaya Plateau
51. Which bird sanctuary in India is famous for Indian Bustards ?
- (A) Bharatpur
 - (B) Kumarakom
 - (C) Kutch
 - (D) Vedanthangal
52. Which of the following is both a flow as well as an energy resource ?
- (A) Air
 - (B) Coal
 - (C) Forest
 - (D) Sunshine

53. Which of the following areas in India is well known for the traditional methods of rainwater harvesting ?
- (A) Shillong Plateau
(B) Rayalsima Region
(C) Vidarbha Region
(D) West Rajasthan
54. Which of the following pairs of steel plants in India and their captive iron ore mines is correctly matched ?
- (A) Bhilai – Kiriburu
(B) Durgapur – Dalli Rajhara
(C) Vijayanagar – Kudremukh
(D) Vishakhapatnam – Bailadila
55. In which of the following regions of India does the female population exceed the male population as per the Census, 2011 ?
- (A) The Coromandel Coast
(B) The Gangetic Delta
(C) The Malabar Coast
(D) The Punjab Plains
56. Which type of unemployment results due to the introduction of new technology in industrial sector, especially noticed in the industrially advanced nations ?
- (A) Cyclical unemployment
(B) Frictional unemployment
(C) Infrastructural unemployment
(D) Structural unemployment
57. "In India the rich are getting richer while the poor are getting poorer". Which of the following causes of poverty is primarily responsible for this ?
- (A) Growing indebtedness
(B) High growth of population
(C) Low level of income
(D) Unequal distribution of land and other assets
58. Which type of inflation does appear in an economy when money supply exceeds the available goods and services ?
- (A) Cost-push inflation
(B) Credit inflation
(C) Deficit induced inflation
(D) Demand-pull inflation
59. The short-term borrowing rate at which the Reserve Bank of India borrows money from other banks is known as :
- (A) Bank rate
(B) Call rate
(C) Repo rate
(D) Reverse-repo rate
60. The Per-capita income of a country is its :
- (A) Average Income
(B) Gross Domestic Product
(C) Gross National Income
(D) Gross National Product

(Turn over)

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions (Q. Nos. 61 to 64) choosing the correct alternatives :

Many millions of people in city slums reside in makeshift dwellings made with wattle and clay, garbage bags and polythene sheets. However, they are not so unlucky as the large number of people who live in the streets. There are many reasons for this malaise. Impoverishment of rural peasantry forces people to move out of villages to seek their livelihood in the towns and cities. Many of them are ragpickers and some of them work as manual labourers. Some of them earn money as street vendors. Women mostly work as maids in houses. They find the slums of cities a far better place than their own villages due to extreme poverty there. Moreover, unemployment is the other prominent reason for migration to the city slums. Exploitation under the feudalistic society of the rural India is another reason why people are forced to leave their land of birth. But due to illiteracy the migrants are not able to get good jobs in the city and remain poor. Due to the lack of development of infrastructure in the villages there are no employments and it widens the gap between the rural and urban India.

61. Where do people live in city slums ?
- (A) In thatched houses
 - (B) In garden cottages

- (C) In pucca buildings
- (D) In makeshift dwellings

62. Which is not a mean of livelihood for the slum dwellers ?
- (A) Rag picking
 - (B) Street vending
 - (C) Pickpocketing
 - (D) Manual labour
63. Which of the following is not a reason for migration to city slums ?
- (A) Poverty
 - (B) Unemployment
 - (C) Exploitation
 - (D) Illiteracy
64. What widens the gap between the rural and urban India ?
- (A) Unemployment
 - (B) Natural calamity
 - (C) Exploitation
 - (D) Personal freedom

Direction : Answer the questions (Q. Nos. 65 to 70) choosing the correct alternatives :

65. The word similar in meaning to 'impoverishment' is :
- (A) Luxury
 - (B) Freedom
 - (C) Poverty
 - (D) Wealth

66. The word opposite in meaning to 'famous' is :
- (A) Infamous
 - (B) Popular
 - (C) Eminent
 - (D) Familiar
67. One who cannot read and write is :
- (A) Illegible
 - (B) Illegal
 - (C) Illegitimate
 - (D) Illiterate
68. Which of the following is a grammatically correct sentence ?
- (A) Debes enjoys to read poems.
 - (B) He avoids to talk to strangers.
 - (C) I made him to write a poem.
 - (D) I want you to meet him today.
69. Which of the following is not grammatically acceptable ?
- (A) She requested for my help.
 - (B) She described her problem to me.
 - (C) We discussed the matter carefully.
 - (D) I have ordered a cup of coffee for her.
70. In which sentence 'hardly' is correctly used ?
- (A) Hardly had I reached home than my phone rang.
 - (B) Hardly had I reached home my phone rang.
 - (C) Hardly had I reached home when my phone rang.
 - (D) Hardly had I reached home but my phone rang.
71. Which of the following Vitamins is responsible for blood clotting ?
- (A) Vitamin A
 - (B) Vitamin D
 - (C) Vitamin E
 - (D) Vitamin K
72. Which of the following is an example of a renewable energy source ?
- (A) Solar energy
 - (B) Nuclear energy
 - (C) Coal
 - (D) Natural gas
73. Where was a formal separation of powers within Government first introduced ?
- (A) Britain
 - (B) Revolutionary France
 - (C) Japan
 - (D) The United States of America
74. Border Security Force (BSF) comes under which Ministry ?
- (A) Ministry of External Affairs
 - (B) Ministry of Defence
 - (C) Ministry of Home Affairs
 - (D) Ministry of Power
75. The currently constituted Lok Sabha is the _____ Lok Sabha.
- (A) 15th
 - (B) 16th
 - (C) 17th
 - (D) 18th

76. Which of the following countries is not a member of BRICS ?
- (A) India
(B) China
(C) Brazil
(D) South Korea
77. The first National Policy on Education in independent India was formulated in the year :
- (A) 1966
(B) 1968
(C) 1986
(D) 2020
78. In which year was the Indian Constitution amended to make education a Fundamental Right ?
- (A) 2000
(B) 2001
(C) 2002
(D) 2003
79. Which of the following recommended the establishment of the first modern universities in India ?
- (A) Macaulay's Minute, 1835
(B) Wood's Despatch, 1854
(C) Indian Universities Commission, 1902
(D) Indian Universities Act, 1904
80. Which organization in India is responsible for assessment and accreditation of the higher education institutions in the country ?
- (A) UGC
(B) AICTE
(C) NAAC
(D) NCTE
81. There are 20000 people living in Defence Colony, Gurgaon. Out of them 9000 subscribe to Star TV Network and 12000 to Zee TV Network. If 4000 subscribe to both, how many do not subscribe to any of the two ?
- (A) 3000
(B) 2000
(C) 1000
(D) 4000
82. The head of the NCAER was quoted as saying that the Consumer Price Index (CPI) will be 50 down next month because of a recent drop in the price of Petrol and Steel. Which of the following cannot be inferred from the statement ?
- (A) The cost of petrol and steel has gone down sharply.
(B) Consumption of petrol and steel has gone up.
(C) Petrol and steel are major items in the CPI.
(D) The changes in the cost of petrol is reflected quickly in the CPI.

83. What is the next term in the following series ?

ZYXWTSRQNM LK

- (A) I
- (B) G
- (C) H
- (D) J

84. Which letter should be the tenth letter to the left of the ninth letter from the right, if the first half of the alphabets of English is reversed ?

- (A) D
- (B) F
- (C) E
- (D) I

85. If 'X' says that his mother is the only daughter of Y's mother, how is Y related to X ?

- (A) Aunt
- (B) Father
- (C) Brother
- (D) Uncle

86. I am facing North. I turn 90° in the clockwise direction and then 135° in the same direction and then 270° anti-clockwise. Which direction am I facing now ?

- (A) South-West
- (B) South
- (C) West
- (D) North-West

87. Statement : Should people with educational qualification higher than the optimum requirements be debarred from seeking jobs ?

Arguments :

- (I) No, it will further aggravate the problem of educated unemployment.
- (II) Yes, it creates complexes among employees and affects the work adversely.
- (III) No, this goes against the basic rights of the individuals.
- (IV) Yes, this will increase productivity.

- (A) (I) and (III) are strong
- (B) All are strong
- (C) (II) and (IV) are strong
- (D) Only (III) is strong

88. Statements :

- All birds are horses.
- All horses are tigers.
- Some tigers are lions.
- Some lions are monkeys.

Conclusions :

- (I) Some tigers are horses.
 - (II) Some monkeys are birds.
 - (III) Some tigers are birds.
 - (IV) Some monkeys are horses.
- (A) (I) and (III) follow
 - (B) (I), (II) and (III) follow
 - (C) (II), (III) and (IV) follow
 - (D) All (I), (II), (III) and (IV) follow

(Turn over)

89. If a clock is kept on the table in such a way that at 3 : 10 P.M. the hour hand points South, after how much time will the minute hand point East ?
- (A) 20 minutes
(B) 35 minutes
(C) 50 minutes
(D) 90 minutes
90. A person wanted to withdraw X rupees and Y paise from the bank. But the cashier made a mistake and gave him Y rupees and X paise. Neither the person nor the cashier noticed that. After spending 20 paise, the person counts the money. To his surprise, he has double the amount he wanted to withdraw. Find X and Y.
(1 Rupee = 100 Paise)
- (A) X = 3, Y = 6
(B) X = 26, Y = 53
(C) X = 15, Y = 30
(D) X = 9, Y = 36
91. Which of the following is directly related to education ?
- (A) SDG 1
(B) SDG 3
(C) SDG 4
(D) SDG 11
92. In the structure of education recommended by NEP-2020, which stage of education includes preschool years ?
- (A) Preparatory
(B) Foundational
(C) Elementary
(D) None of the above
93. Which of the following organizations is responsible for reform of elementary school curriculum in Odisha ?
- (A) Directorate of Elementary Education
(B) SCERT, Odisha
(C) BSE, Odisha
(D) Odisha State Bureau of Textbook Preparation and Production
94. What is scaffolding in the context of learning ?
- (A) Support provided by teachers and peers in completion of learning task.
(B) Skipping the difficult parts of the learning task for time being.
(C) Cramming
(D) Project assignments
95. Which of the following is closest to the broader meaning of education ?
- (A) Completing schooling and higher education
(B) Studying a broad spectrum of subject disciplines in school
(C) Lifelong education
(D) Studying with all types of students in an inclusive classroom

96. Which of the following is not a necessary condition for learning ?
- (A) Interest
 - (B) Motivation
 - (C) Active participation
 - (D) Fear of punishment for not learning
97. Which of the following is not related to the objectives of education ?
- (A) Course contents
 - (B) Evaluation
 - (C) Teaching-learning activities
 - (D) Quality of school infrastructure
98. _____ is a relatively permanent change in behaviour.
- (A) Learning
 - (B) Schooling
 - (C) Counseling
 - (D) Motivation
99. According to NEP-2020, what is the name of the first stage of education in the 5 + 3 + 3 + 4 structure of education ?
- (A) Preparatory
 - (B) Foundational
 - (C) Primary
 - (D) Elementary
100. During classroom teaching-learning activities, the teacher should give more attention to :
- (A) Brilliant students
 - (B) Average students
 - (C) Slow learning students
 - (D) All students

