### eries E1GFH/4



प्रकाशक करेंच Q.P. Code

641411

अनुक्रमांक / Roll No.

## 32

परीक्षाची प्रकृत-पत्र कोड को उत्तर-पुश्तिका के मुख-पुष्ट पर अवश्य लिखें ।

Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book



### भूगोल (सैद्धान्तिक) GEOGRAPHY (Theory)

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे Time allowed: 3 hours

अधिकतम अंक: 70 Maximum Marks: 70

G.		Please check that this question paper
(I)	कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र म (1)	ontains 19 printed pages + 2 Maps.
(II)	प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ का आर प्रिंग प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका	Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
(III)	कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में (III)	Please check that this question paper contains 30 questions.
	30 प्रश्न ह ।	
(IV)	पहल. उत्तर-प्रास्तायम	answer doon so,
	अवश्य लिखें। इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट (V) का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्न में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा। वितरण पूर्वाह्न में 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के प्रश्न-पत्र को उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं	15 minute time has been allotted tread this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10. a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., to students will read the question payonly and will not write any answer the answer-book during this period.
	लिखेंगे ।	page of the of

#### 1 Instructions :

e following instructions carefully and follow them :

This questions paper contains 30 questions. All questions are compulsory.

This question paper is divided into five sections - Sections A, B, C, D and E. Section A - Questions no. 1 to 17 are multiple choice (MCQ) type questions.

Section A - Questions no. 1 to 17 are muniple changes of Section B - Questions no. 18 and 19 are source based questions.

Ouestions no. 20 to 23 are Short Answer (SA) to 100 words. Section B - Questions no. 20 to 23 are Short Answer (SA) type questions.

Section C - Questions no. 20 to 23 are Short Answer (SA) type questions.

Answer to these questions shall be written in 80 to 100 words.

Section D - Questions no. 24 to 28 are Long Answer (LA) type questions. Answer to these questions shall be written in 120 to 150 words.

Section E - Questions no. 29 and 30 are Map based questions.

### SECTION A

are 17 multiple choice questions in this section (Q. No. 1 - 17). testions are compulsory.  $17 \times 1 = 17$ 

Which one among the following is the least populous country?

(a) Mexico

Nigeria (b)

(c) Brazil (d) Indonesia

Which one of the following is the push factor responsible for migration?

- Better job opportunities (a)
- Unpleasant climate (b)
- Peace and stability (c)
- Security to life and property (d)

Which one of the following is a thickly populated region?

- (a)
- The Himalayan region (b) Osaka-Kobe region of Japan
- Siberian region of Russia (d) (c)
- Central Chile

Which one of the following features is correct regarding the gathering and hunting activities?

- Practised in moderate climatic regions (a)
- Involves primitive societies (b)
- Depends on heavy capital investment (c)
- Depends upon modern technology (d)

P.T.O.

\*1=17

Match Column I with Column II and choose the correct option :

Transport city i.

Column II

- Mining town
- 1. Jaipur
- ii.
- 2. Ambala
- Garrison town iii.
- Itarsi
- Administrative town iv.
- Singrauli

Options:

- i = 4, ii = 3, iii = 2, iv = 1(a)
- i 1, ii 2, iii 3, iv 4(b)
- i 3, ii 4, iii 2, iv 1(c)
- i 2, ii 1, iii 4, iv 3(d)

Read the following features of cottage manufacturing and choose the correct option :

- Place of manufacturing outside the home I.
- It is the smallest unit of manufacturing II.
- Use local raw materials III.
- Simple tools are used IV.

Options:

- Only I, II and III are correct. (a)
- Only II, III and IV are correct. (b)
- Only I, II and IV are correct. (c)
- Only I, III and IV are correct. (d)

Which one of the following features is correct regarding nomadic herding?

- Nomadism is a modern commercial activity. (a)
- It is practised on permanent pastures. (b)
- A wide variety of cattle are reared in different regions. (c)
- Nomadism is associated with modern technology. (d)

Which one of the following is the easternmost station of the East-West corridor?

Guwahati (a)

Bhopal (b)

Kolkata (c)

Silchar (d)

P. 7

		Retail trading' comes under which of the following activities ?								
BS /	Đ,	Retail transpary								
BE: /		(a) Tertiary								
BD 1		(b) Quarternary								
BI /		(c)ondary								
B /		(d) sale following is not true regarding the development of border								
	10.	(d) Secondary  (d) Secondary  (d) Secondary  (d) Secondary  (e) Secondary  (d) Secondary  (d) Secondary  (e) Secondary  (f) Se								
H	10,	roads?								
	(	Integration defence preparedness								
	0	transporting goods to border vinages								
	(6	Helps in transported the Help in developing large scale industries  Help in developing large scale industries								
	(6	Help in developme								
		Thich one of the following states has the highest population?  (b) Uttar Pradesh								
11	I. W	nihar								
	(a	Maharashtra (d) West Bengal								
	(c)	) Manarasher								
		hich of the following is the smallest linguistic group in India?  (b) Dravidian								
12.	W	4 4								
	(a)	Austric (d) Sino-Tibetan								
	(c)	Indo-European (d) Sino-Tibetan								
		following is not a feature of dryland farming?								
13.	Wh	Which of the following is <b>not</b> a feature of dryland farming?  Which of the following is <b>not</b> a feature of dryland farming?  (a) It is practised where the annual amount of rainfall is less than 75 cm								
10.	The practised where the									
		- Head in Black soil areas								
	(b)	)) Practised in 2								
	(c)	b) Practised in Drought resistant crops are grown  c) Drought resistant crops are grown soil moisture								
		are taken to preserve son moze								
	(d)	Measured settlements?								
		Measures are Measu								
14.	Whi	ich one of the								
	(a)	They are fragmented								
	(a)	- isolated								
	(b)	They are isolated								
	(c)	Closely built-up area of houses								
	(d) Units are known as panna, para, palli etc.									
	(d)	Units are known as P								
		7								
4/4/1										

Read the case study given below and answer Q. No. 15 to 17.

the case Study — Integrated Tribal Development Project in Bharmaur Region Bharmaur and Holi tehsils of Chamba district of Himachal Pradesh. It is a notified tribal area since Chamba November, 1975. Bharmaur is inhabit. Bharmaur tribal area comprises Bharmaur and Holi tehsils of Chamba district. 1975. Bharmaur is inhabited by 'Gaddi', a tribal November November 1 area since 21 st November who have maintained a distinct identity in the Himalayan community who have maintained a distinct identity in the Himalayan community as they practised transhumance and converted to the Himalayan as they practised transhumance and converted to the Himalayan area since the converted to the Himalayan area since the converted transhumance and converted to the Himalayan area since the converted transhumance and converted to the Himalayan area since the converted to the Himalayan area since the converted transhumance and converted to the Himalayan area since the converted transhumance and converted to the Himalayan area since the converted to the converted to the converted transhumance and converted to the converted to t community will be community wi

Bharmaur tribal region has harsh climate conditions, low resource Bharmad and fragile environment. These factors have influenced the society base and fragile region. According to the 2011 base and ragin the region. According to the 2011 census, the total and lation of Bharmaur sub-division was 39 113 in 22 and economy Bharmaur sub-division was 39,113 i.e., 21 persons per sq population of the most (economically and socially) backward areas of km. The pradesh. Historically, the Gaddis have experienced areas of the pradesh. km. It is one of the latest the state of the latest the Himachal Frances.

Himachal Frances.

and socio-economic deprivation. The economy is and political isolation and allied activities such as a based on agriculture and allied activities such as a seconomy. and political and agriculture and allied activities such as sheep and goat

The process of development of tribal area of Bharmaur started in The process were included among 'scheduled tribes'. Under the 1970s when the tribal sub-plan was introduced in 1974 and Fifth Five Year plan, the tribal sub-plan was introduced in 1974 and Fifth Five real designated as one of the five Integrated Tribal Bharmaur Was (ITDP) in Himachal Pradoch Tribal Bharmaur was (ITDP) in Himachal Pradesh. This area development Development Projects (ITDP) the quality of life of the Country Development Figure 1 in Proving the quality of life of the Gaddis.

Bharmaur Tribal region belongs to which of the following states?

15.

Uttarakhand (a)

Jammu and Kashmir (d)

Uttar Pradesh

Which of the following tribal communities dominate in Bharmaur region? Bakkarwals 16.

(a)

Gaddis (d)

What is the major aim of Integrated Tribal Development Project (ITDP)? 17.

Improving irrigation (a)

Improving sheep rearing (b)

Improving soils of the region (c)

Improving the quality of life of the Gaddis (d)

64/4/1

9

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### SECTION B

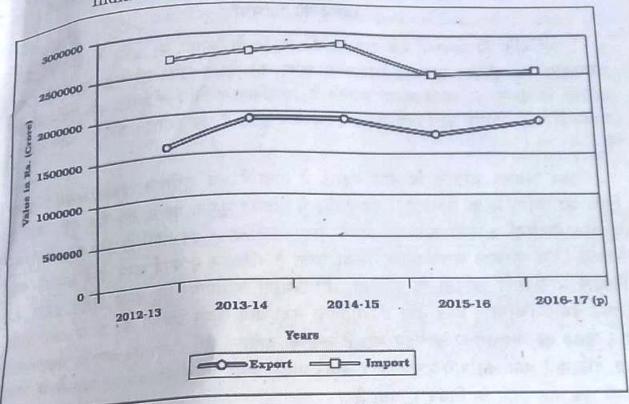
Questions number 18 and 19 are Source-based Questions. Study the given graph and answer the questions that follow:

 $3 \times 1 = 3$ 

18.

# Changing Pattern of the Composition of India's Exports

Extent of gap between Exports and Imports in India's foreign trade During 2012 - 13 to 2016 - 17



Source: Economic Survey, 2016 - 17

- In which year was the gap between imports and exports the maximum?
- (18.2) When was the gap between imports and exports minimum?
- In which year had India's exports shown highest upward trend?

64/4/1

11

following questions are for Visually Impaired Candidates only	
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These is a december of traditional items such as coffee, cashew etc. Give an appropriate reason.	1
THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	1
(18,2) products.	1
(18.2) Why is a sector has the highest share in India's total value of which sector has the highest share in India's total value of exports?	

# 19. Read the given passage carefully and answer the questions that follow: $3\times 1=3$

Depending on the mode of occurrence and the nature of the ore, Depending is of two types: surface and underground mining. The surface mining is of two types mining is the easiest and the cheapest way mining also known as open-cast mining is the easiest and the cheapest way mining minerals that occur close to the surface. Overhead costs such as of mining minerals and equipment are relatively low in this method. The safety precautions and rapid.

Output is both large and rapid.

When the ore lies deep below the surface, underground mining method (shaft method) has to be used. In this method, vertical shafts have method (shaft method) has to be used. In this method, vertical shafts have to be sunk, from where underground galleries radiate to reach the to be sunk, from where underground galleries radiate to reach the minerals. Minerals are extracted and transported to the surface through minerals. Minerals are extracted and transported to the surface through these passages. It requires specially designed lifts, drills, haulage vehicles, these passages. It requires specially designed lifts, drills, haulage vehicles, these passages. It requires specially designed lifts, drills, haulage vehicles, these passages. Poisonous gases, fires, floods and caving in material. This method is risky. Poisonous gases, fires, floods and caving in lead to fatal accidents. Have you ever read about mine fires and flooding of coal mines in India?

The developed economies are retreating from mining, processing and refining stages of production due to high labour costs, while the developing countries with large labour force and striving for higher standard of living are becoming more important. Several countries of Africa and few of South America and Asia have over fifty percent of the earnings from minerals alone.

- (19.1) Explain the main difference between surface and underground mining.
- (19.2) Why is open-cast mining the easiest way of mining?
- (19.3) Why is shaft mining more risky?

Ρ.

### SECTION C

a console

Questions number 20 to 23 are Short Answer Type Questions. "The basic emphasis is laid on the relationship between nature and human beings in all geographical studies." Explain the statement. 20. 3 Explain why all forms of transport are also referred to as lines of communication. 3 21. Explain why modern society requires speedy and efficient system 3 (b) of transport.

"Petroleum is an essential source of energy for running transport and industry." Examine the statement. 22.

Explain the causes of negative growth of population in India (a) 23. between 1911 and 1921.

OR

Explain the causes of rapid positive growth of population in India (b) from 1951 to 1981.

### SECTION D

Questions number 24 to 28 are Long Answer Type Questions.

Describe income and welfare approaches to human development. 24.

Examine the major characteristics of modern large scale 25. manufacturing in the world.

OR

"High tech industry is the latest generation of manufacturing in (b) 5 the world." Examine the statement.

Explain balance of trade with examples and examine the role of 26. (a) World Trade Organisation (WTO) in international trade. 2+3=5

OR

Examine any five bases of international trade. (b)

Explain with examples how watershed management and rainwater 27. harvesting help in conserving water resources in India.

"Urban waste disposal has become a serious problem in India." Justify the 28. statement with examples.

64/4/1

15

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#### SECTION E

6	(Pa		tions number	29	and	30	are	Map	based	Questions.
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- On the given political outline map of the World (on page 21), seven geographical features have been marked as A, B, C, D, E, F and G.

  Identify any five with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them:

  5×1=5
  - A. An international airport in South America
  - B. A canal linking Atlantic Ocean with Pacific Ocean
  - C. A major seaport in Australia
  - D. A terminal station of Trans-Siberian Railway
  - E. A major area of commercial livestock rearing
  - F. An area of extensive commercial grain farming
  - G. A major seaport in Asia

Note: The following questions are for Visually Impaired Candidates only in lieu of Q. No. 29.

Answer any five questions out of the following:

5×1=5

- (29.1) Name any one international airport of Argentina.
- (29.2) Which canal links Atlantic Ocean with Pacific Ocean?
- (29.3) Name any one major seaport of Australia.
- (29.4) Which is the terminal station on the eastern end of Trans-Siberian Railway?
- (29.5) Mention the major area of commercial livestock rearing in Argentina.
- (29.6) Name any one area of extensive commercial grain farming.
- (29.7) Name any one major seaport located in Pakistan.

54/4/1

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17

P.T.O.

On the	given political outline map of India (on page 23), locate and label
any fit	pe of the following seven geographical features with appropriate
symbol	s:
(30.1)	The state with lowest level of population density
(30.2)	The city of West Bengal having more than 10 million population
	The state leading in the production of cotton
(30.3)	Bailadila – iron-ore mines
(30.4)	Mathura – oil refinery
(30.5)	Marmagao – seaport
(30.6)	
(30.7)	An international airport in Assam
	following questions are for Visually Impaired Candidates only
	of Q. No. 30.
in to	wer any five questions out of the following:
	Name the state with lowest level of population density.
(30.1)	Name the city of West Bengal having more than 10 million
(30.2)	
	population.
(30.3)	Which is the state leading in the production of cotton?
(30.4)	In which state are Bailadila iron-ore mines located?
	In which state is Mathura oil refinery located?
(30.5)	
(30.6)	On which coast of India is Marmagao seaport located?

(30.7) Name the international airport in Assam.