### **VIDEO COURSES**

#### for Government Exams



From the oldest and most trusted name in Exam Preparation which gave us Career Power, Bankersadda, Sscadda, here is the latest offering — Video Courses that are tailor-made for the Govt. Job aspirants of digital India. Various banking and SSC exams are conducted online with regular changes to exam pattern and level of questions. We understand the changing needs of the students and have devised a unique solution, making preparation easy, cost-effective and efficient.

Video courses for banking and SSC consist of exhaustive video lectures for government exams which are pre-loaded on an SD card. We offer these courses in two variants: [Android Tab + SD-Card] or [SD Card only]. The SD Card can be run on your personal android device as well. The video courses will run on the Adda247 mobile app, the number one App for Bank and SSC exam preparation.



#### **Available Courses**



Banking Complete Video Course



Maths Video Course for SSC Exams



Maths + English Video Course for SSC Exams



SSC Complete Video Course

To Purchase visit: elearning.adda247.com

For any query: Call us at +91-90691 42412 • Email us at elearning@adda247.com

#### Directions (1-5): Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight scientists A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H will have to attend the seminar in the months of March, June, August and September. In each month, the seminar will be conducted on either 18<sup>th</sup> or 23rd of the month. Not more than two have a seminar on same month.

H will attend the seminar on 18<sup>th</sup> of any month which has 31 days. Only one scientist will attend the seminar after F. Two scientists will attend the seminar between F and B. Only one scientist will attend the seminar between B and C. A will attend the seminar immediately after G. No one attend the seminar before D.

#### Q1. How many scientist will attend the seminar after C?

- (a) One
- (b) Three
- (c) five
- (d) No one.
- (e) Two

#### Q2. Who among following attend the seminar on 18th June?

- (a) A
- (b) C
- (c) G
- (d)H
- (e) B

#### Q3. H will attend the seminar on which date and month?

- (a) 23rd March
- (b) 18th March
- (c) 18th June
- (d) 18th August
- (e) None of these

#### Q4. Who among following will attend the seminar in the month of August?

- (a) A, C
- (b) C, B
- (c) G, H
- (d) H, C
- (e) B, H

## Q5. How many scientist(s) will attend the seminar between H and C?

- (a) One
- (b) No one.
- (c) five
- (d) two
- (e) Four



#### Direction (6-10): Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions.

S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z are seated in a straight line but not necessarily in the same order. Some of them are facing south while some are facing north. S sits fourth to left of X. X sits at one of the extreme ends of the line. Both the immediate neighbours of S face north. T sits second to the left of Z. Z is not an immediate neighbour of S. Neither Z nor U sits at the extreme end of the line. Both the immediate neighbours of U face north. W sits to the immediate left of Y. Immediate neighbours of V face opposite directions (i.e. if one neighbour of V faces North then the other faces South and viceversa). Immediate neighbours of T face opposite directions (i.e. if one neighbour of T faces North then the other faces South and vice-versa). S faces south. People sitting at the extreme ends face the opposite directions (i.e. if one person faces North then the other faces South and vice-versa). Y does not sit any of the extreme end of the line.

#### Q6. How many persons sit between U and S?

- (a) Three
- (b) Four
- (c) Six
- (d) Five
- (e) One

#### Q7. Who sits second to the left of V?

- (a) X
- (b) Y
- (c) Z
- (d) W
- (e) Cannot determined

#### Q8. How many person sit between Y and Z?

- (a) Two
- (b) Both (c) and (e)
- (c) Five
- (d) One
- (e) Four

# Q9. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group?

- (a) U
- (b) Z
- (c) S
- (d) T
- (e) V

Q10. Who sits to the immediate left of Z?

- (a) X
- (b) V
- (c) S
- (d) Y
- (e) U

Directions (11-15): In each of the questions below are given four statements followed by three conclusions numbered I, II and III. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

**Q11. Statements:** Some pens are sticks. Some sticks are canes. All canes are scales. No scales is weight.

#### **Conclusions:**

- **I.** Some sticks are definitely scales.
- II. No stick is scale.
- III. No cane is weight.
- (a) Either I or II follows
- (b) I and III follow
- (c) Either I or II and III follow
- (d) All of these
- (e) None of these

**Q12. Statements:** Some folders are boxes. Some boxes are bags. All bags are containers. Some bags are sacks.

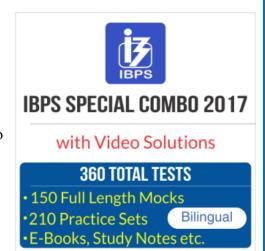
#### **Conclusions:**

- I. No folder is bag.
- II. Atleast some boxes are containers.
- III. Some sacks are definitely containers.
- (a) I and II follow
- (b) II and III follow
- (c) I and III follow
- (d) All follow
- (e) None follows

**Q13. Statements:** Some insects are pests. All pests are birds. No bird is amphibian. All amphibians are animals.

#### **Conclusions:**

- I. No animal is bird.
- II. At least some insects are birds.
- III. No pests are amphibians.



- (a) Only I follows
- (b) Only II follows
- (c) Only III follows
- (d) II and III follow
- (e) None of these

Q14. Statements: Some paints are colours. All colours are solutions. Some solutions are liquids. All liquids are solids.

#### **Conclusions:**

- **I.** Some paints are solutions.
- II. Some colours are definitely not liquids.
- **III.** At least some solutions are solids.
- (a) I and II follow
- (b) II and III follow
- (c) I and III follow
- (d) All follow
- (e) None of these

Q15. Statements: All locks are keys. All keys are doors. Some doors are windows. Some windows are floors.

#### **Conclusions:**

- I. Some keys are definitely windows.
- **II.** No floor is door.
- **III.** No lock is window.
- (a) None follows
- (b) Only I follows
- (c) I and II follow
- (d) Only III follows
- (e) None of these

#### Directions (16-20): Study the following information carefully to answer the questions given below:

In a certain code language,

'solve the given query' is written as 'sa pa ka la',

'write the query' is written as 'sa la ta',

'solve is wrong' is written as 'ha ja pa', and

'read the solve' is written as 'sa na pa'.

#### Q16. What will be the code for 'read'?

- (a) na
- (b) pa
- (c) ja
- (e) None of these

#### Q17. 'write to solve' can be coded as

- (a) sa ja da
- (b) da ta pa
- (c) pa na ta
- (d) pa ka ja
- (e) None of these

#### Q18. 'sa' stands for

- (a) wrong
- (b) write
- (c) read
- (d) the
- (e) None of these

# IBPS CLERK MAINS with Video Solutions 40 TOTAL TESTS • 15 Full Length Mocks • 25 Practice Sets • E-Books, Study Notes etc.

#### Q19. What will be the code for 'query is given wrong'?

- (a) ha ja da la
- (b) ka la ha ja
- (c) la ha pa ja
- (d) Can't be determined
- (e) None of these

#### Q20. What will be the code for 'wrong'?

- (a) ha
- (b) pa
- (c) Either ha or ja
- (d) Either ja or pa
- (e) None of these

#### Directions (21-25): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

T, R, S, Q, M, L, P and K are eight friends sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square while four sit in the middle of each of the four sides. Those who sit at the four corners face away from the centre while those who sit in the middle of the sides face the centre of the square table.

P sits third to the right of S, who faces the centre. Q sits third to the left of M, who does not sit in the middle of the sides. Only one person sits between Q and R. R is not an immediate neighbor of M. T faces the centre. K is not an immediate neighbor of R.

Q21. Who sits exactly between Q and R?
(a) K
(b) L
(c) P
(d) T
(e) M
Q22. What is the position of M with respect to L?
(a) Second to the right
(b) Fifth to the right
(c) Third to the left
(d) Fourth to the left
(e) Second to the left
Q23. Which of the following pairs represents the persons seated in the middle of the sides who
face each other?
(a) K, L
(b) T, Q
(c) R, Q
(d) T, S
(e) S, Q
Q24. Who among following sits opposite to K?
(a) S
(b) P
(c) L
(d) R
(e) Q
Q25. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Which is the one
that does not belong to that group?
(a) M
(b) K
(c) R
(d) P
(e) L

Directions (26-30): In each question below is given a group of letters followed by four combinations of digits/symbols numbered (1), (2), (3) and (4). You have to find out which of the combinations correctly represents the group of letters based on the following coding system and mark the number of that combination as your answer. If none of the four combinations correctly represents the group of letters, mark (5), 'None of these', as the answer

Letter	Н	I	Т	K	R	F	A	L	Е	M	J	В	Q	U
Digits/Symbols	3	7	%	#	4	\$	6	9	@	$\uparrow$	2	5	©	8

#### **Conditions**

- 1. If the first letter in the group is a vowel and the last letter is a consonant their codes are to be interchanged.
- 2. If the first letter in the group is a consonant and the last letter is a vowel are to be coded as the code for yowel.
- 3. If the first as well as the last letter is a vowel both are to be coded as the code for the first letter.

#### Q26. IRHMEJ

- (a) 743<sup>†</sup>@2
- (b) 243<sup>1</sup>@7
- (c) 243↑@2
- (d) 743<sup>†</sup>@7
- (e) None of these

#### Q27. ALFJHE

- (a) 69\$23@
- (b) @9\$23@
- (c) 69\$236
- (d) @9\$236
- (e) None of these

#### Q28. FIKLRU

- (a) 87#94\$
- (b) 57#94\$
- (c) 87#948
- (d) \$7#94\$
- (e) None of these

#### Q29. TFIKAR

- (a) %\$7#6%
- (b) %\$6#74
- (c) 4\$7#64
- (d) 4\$7#6%
- (e) None of these





#### Q30. MHEJKQ

- (a) ©3@2#@
- (b) ↑3@2#↑
- (c) ↑3@2#©
- (d) ©3@2#↑
- (e) None of these

#### Directions (31-35): Study the following information to answer the given questions:

Each of the seven products viz A, B, C, D, E, F and G are sold on a different day of a week starting from Monday and ending on Sunday of the same week. Product F is sold on Thursday. Two products are sold between product F and product A. Only one product is sold between product E and product D. Product E is not sold on the days immediately before or immediately after the day when product F is sold. Product C is sold the day immediately before the day when product G is sold. Product D is not sold after product B.

#### Q31. How many products are sold between product C ad product D?

- (a) None
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three
- (e) Four

#### Q32. Which of the following product is sold on Saturday?

- (a) B
- (b) G
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

# Q33. C is related to D in a certain way. In the same way A is related to F based on the given arrangements. Which of the following is G related to following the same pattern?

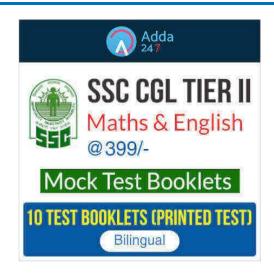
- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) E
- (e) Cannot be determined

#### Q34. On which of the following days is product B sold?

- (a) Monday
- (b) Tuesday
- (c) Wednesday
- (d) Saturday
- (e) Cannot be determined

#### Q35. Which of the following product is sold on Friday?

- (a) C
- (b) E
- (c) B
- (d) G
- (e) D







# VIDEO TO COURSE

Compliment your classroom with Banking Video Courses

visit: videocourses.adda247.com

Study on the GO with the Adda247 App















Fulfill your Dream of Government Job visit: careerpower.in