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Q1. Statement- “The Trump administration has proposed steep cuts to the corporate tax rate (from 35% to just 15%), a significant reduction.”

I. Donald Trump’s Tax plans, promises some bold reforms to rejuvenate America’s sluggish economy.

II. Mr. Trump hopes to push them to repatriate some of this cash stock after paying a minimal one-time tax.

III. The inflow of capital will incentivize U.S. corporations to increase investments, or simply distribute the cash to shareholders through buybacks.

Which of the following can be postulated from the above statement?

- (a) All of the above
- (b) Only II and III
- (c) Only I and II
- (d) Only II
- (e) Only I

Q2. Statement I- Finance Minister Arun Jaitley has demanded reforms to International Monetary Fund’s controversial quota system, shedding light on the problems facing the Bretton Woods institution in today’s global economy.

Statement II- Mr. Jaitley announced that India is seeking \$2 billion from the New Development Bank.

Statement III- Quotas determine the size of contingency funds at the disposal of the IMF to lend to countries in need of help, as well as the power of individual countries to influence lending decisions and tap into the funds themselves.

Which of the following may be cause/effect among the above statements?

- (a) Statement I will be cause and Statement II and III will be it’s effects.
- (b) Statement II and III will be cause and I will be it’s effect.
- (c) Statement III is cause and Statement I is it’s effect and Statement II is effect of independent cause.
- (d) Statement II is cause and Statement I is it’s effect and Statement III is effect of independent cause.
- (e) Statement III is cause and Statement II is it’s effect and Statement I is effect of independent cause.

Directions (3-7): Study the following information carefully to answer the questions given below.

There are 9 cricketers’ who are categorised in three groups I.e. Batsman, Bowler and All-rounder. Player’s namely, Sachin, Sehwag, Virat, Dhoni, Irfan, Kumble, Dhawan, Rohit and Ashwin but not necessarily in the same order. Not more than four players in any one of the group and minimum two. No. of the players of any groups are not equal.

Dhoni is not in the bowler group. Kumble and Dhawan are in the same group but not in the batsman group. Rohit and Virat are not in the same category. Only one cricketer is with Sachin in his group. Ashwin is in the batsman group but not in the group of Sachin. Sehwag is neither in a batsman group nor in a bowler group. Irfan and Dhoni are in the same group. Kumble is neither a batsman nor an All-rounder. Virat is neither a batsman nor All-rounder. Sehwag and Dhoni are not in the same group.

Q3. Who among the following is a Bowler?

- (a) Irfan
- (b) Ashwin
- (c) Virat
- (d) Sachin
- (e) Either (a) or (c)



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Q4. Which of the following pair shows all-rounders group?

- (a) Sachin-Dhoni
- (b) Virat-Sehwag
- (c) Kumble-Rohit
- (d) Sehwag-Sachin
- (e) None of these

Q5. Which of the following information is true with regarding to Rohit?

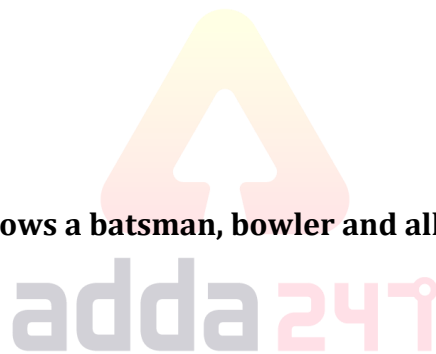
- (a) He is in the group of Sachin
- (b) He is in 3 players group
- (c) He is in a batsman group
- (d) All are true
- (e) None is true

Q6. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group?

- (a) Dhawan-Sachin
- (b) Virat-Kumble
- (c) Dhoni-Irfan
- (d) Rohit-Ashwin
- (e) Sachin-Sehwag

Q7. Which of the following pair shows a batsman, bowler and all-rounder respectively?

- (a) Irfan-Kumble-Dhawan
- (b) Ashwin-Virat-Sachin
- (c) Rohit-Sachin-Dhawan
- (d) Sehwag-Virat-Irfan
- (e) Kumble-Sachin-Rohit



Directions (8-12): Study the information and answer the following questions:

In a certain code language

"when the apocalypse come" is coded as "MW3 VT6 VA25 VC23"

"featured in present moment" is coded as "MI17 WF20 GP10 GM13"

"villains stand up" is coded as "KU5 WS7 HV4"

"list of heroes" is coded as "GL14 UO11 HH18"

Q8. What is the code for 'dark' in the given code language?

- (a) CD10
- (b) DC13
- (c) DP21
- (d) PD22
- (e) None of these

Q9. What is the code for 'Thug' in the given code language?

- (a) GG6
- (b) TG6
- (c) GT7
- (d) TT6
- (e) None of these

Q10. Which of the following words can be coded as 'VK15'?

- (a) Sword
- (b) Fish
- (c) Dish
- (d) Knife
- (e) None of these

Q11. Which of the following words can be coded as 'GG19'?

- (a) Goat
- (b) Boat
- (c) Gifts
- (d) Tags
- (e) None of these

Q12. What is the code for 'Turkey' in the given code language?

- (a) KP10
- (b) BT6
- (c) RT7
- (d) IT7
- (e) None of these

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Q13.Statement- "With the Shanghai Cooperation Organization summit in Astana, the capital of Kazakhstan, India is poised to become a permanent member of the regional grouping. Along with India, Pakistan will also become a full member of the SCO."

I- India is likely to be confronted with the China-Pakistan partnership in the SCO, which is a smaller organization and where other members have cordial relations with both China and Pakistan.

II- SCO membership will give a boost to India's 'Connect Central Asia Policy', which has been on a steady path for some time now.

III- India's full membership of the grouping would extend its reach to the entire Central Asian region where India has established itself as a major stakeholder in its peace and stability.

IV- India's entry into the SCO would help India get greater access to regional markets and its politico-strategic dynamics.

Which of the following is a fallout of the above statement?

- (a) Only II and III
- (b) Only I
- (c) Only IV
- (d) Only III and IV
- (e) None of these

Directions (14-18): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

A certain number of people are sitting in a row facing north. Among them there are seven friends and each of them like different movie. Only nine persons sit to the left of one who likes Robot. Only four persons sit between the one who likes Simmba and the one who likes Super30. Only four persons sit to the right of the one who likes Super30. Only six persons sit between D and P, who likes KesarI. Only five persons sit between P and F. One who likes Kedarnath sits 3rd to the right of F. Only six persons sit between S and J. More than four persons sit between D and the one who likes Kedarnath. The one who likes Thugs is sitting at 5th position from one of the ends but is not a neighbor of F. Only two persons sit between M and the one who likes Robot. The one who likes Kesari sits immediate left of M. S likes Zero and sits 3rd from the left end. Only two persons sit between J and the one who likes Simmba. B sits 2nd from the right end.

Q14. Who among the following likes Super30 movie?

- (a) D
- (b) J
- (c) M
- (d) F
- (e) None of these

Q15. J likes which among the following movie?

- (a) Thugs
- (b) Super30
- (c) Simmba
- (d) Robot
- (e) Kedarnath

Q16. How many persons sit in the row?

- (a) 20
- (b) 21
- (c) 22
- (d) 23
- (e) 24

Q17. How many persons sit between D and the one who sits 3rd to left of B?

- (a) 12
- (b) 5
- (c) 11
- (d) 6
- (e) None



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Q18. How many persons sit between the one who likes Thugs and J?

- (a) 5
- (b) 4
- (c) 13
- (d) 17
- (e) None

Directions (19-23): In each question below are given some statements followed by some conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.

Q19. Statements:

Some saloon is scissor.
All scissors are hand wash.
No saloon is parlour.

Conclusions:

- I. All saloons are being hand wash is a possibility.
- II. All scissors are parlour is a possibility.

- (a) Only I follow
- (b) Both I and II follow
- (c) Only II follows
- (d) None follows
- (e) None of these

Q20. Statements:

Some saloon is scissor.
All scissors are hand wash.
No saloon is parlour.

Conclusions:

- I. All hand wash is being Scissor is a possibility.
- II. No scissors are parlour.

- (a) Only II follows
- (b) Both I and II follow
- (c) Only I follow
- (d) None follows
- (e) None of these

Q21. Statements:

Some cars are buses.
All planes are ship.
No bus is plane.

Conclusions:

- I. All ships can be a bus is a possibility.
- II. All cars are planes.

- (a) None follows
- (b) Both I and II follow
- (c) Only II follows
- (d) Only I follow
- (e) None of these

Q22. Statements:

Some Pankaj are Uday.
Some Uday are Ramesh.
No Ramesh is Mahesh.

Conclusions:

- I.** All Pankaj is being Mahesh is a possibility.
- II.** All Uday is being Mahesh is not a possibility.

- (a) None follows
- (b) Both I and II follow
- (c) Only II follows
- (d) Only I follow
- (e) None of these

Q23. Statements:

All Squares are Boxes.
All Boxes are Triangles.
No Triangles is Circle.

Conclusions:

- I.** All Circles is being Box is a possibility.
- II.** All Triangle is being Square is a possibility.

- (a) None follows
- (b) Both I and II follow
- (c) Only II follows
- (d) Only I follow
- (e) None of these

Q24. Statement- "India lost its fastest-growing major economy tag in the fourth quarter of 2016-17, with GDP growth coming in at 6.1% compared with China's 6.9% in the same period."

I. Demonetization would hurt growth significantly because post-demonetization there has been a slowdown,"

II. If you look at the current and time series estimates, it is clear the economy is growing reasonably well,"

III. We can take some measure of satisfaction, but the numbers do reveal there are areas that still could improve.

Which of the following Substantiates the given statement?

- (a) None
- (b) Only I
- (c) Only I and III
- (d) Only III
- (e) All of the above

Q25. Statement I- The challenge for banks under GST is to register in each state, unlike the current tax system. They will have to maintain state-wise revenue data and operate IT solutions to raise invoices for their business clients.

Statement II- Banks would need to customise the frontend IT ecosystem to recognise and deal with the state-centric compliances mandated under GST.

Statement III- Banks will be required to provide statewise data and compute state-wise tax payments, which they didn't have to do previously.

Which of the following is cause/effect among the given statement?

- (a) Statement I will be cause and Statement II and III will be it's effects.
- (b) Statement II and III will be cause and I will be it's effect.
- (c) Statement III is cause and Statement I is it's effect and Statement II is effect of independent cause.
- (d) Statement II is cause and Statement I is it's effect and Statement III is effect of independent cause.
- (e) Statement III is cause and Statement II is it's effect and Statement I is effect of independent cause.

Directions (26-30): Study the following information carefully to answer the questions given below.

There are ten persons sitting in two rows. In row 1- G, H, I, L and N are facing in the north and in row 2- P, Q, R, S and V are facing in south direction. All are relatives of I in some way i.e. Aunt, Uncle, Grandmother, Brother, Wife, Cousin, Sister, Mother and Brother-in-law not necessarily in the same order. One vacant sit in each row and both are not opposite to each other.

There are two seats between the brother and Aunt of I. More than one person sits between S and the one who faces Brother-in-law of I. L is the cousin of I and sits 2nd left of I and one of them sit at the extreme end. S is not an Uncle of I. G faces to the Grandmother of I. G is neither an immediate neighbor of L nor sits any extreme ends of the row. Q sits at one of the extreme ends and she is the wife of I also she sits immediate left to Brother of I. Vacant seat of row 2 is opposite to the one who sits 3rd left of H. V does not sits at any of the extreme ends of the row. Only one person sits between the one who is the Sister and the one who is Mother of I. G is not a sister of I. Number of person Sit between S and V is equal to the number of person sit between R and S. Grandmother of I sits immediate left to the vacant seat.

Q26. Which of the following person faces the one who sits 3rd right of L?

- (a) P
- (b) Grandmother of I
- (c) S
- (d) G
- (e) None of these

Q27. Who among the following is brother-in-law of I?

- (a) R
- (b) The one who sits 2nd left of G
- (c) L
- (d) M
- (e) H

Q28. Which of the following is true as per the given information?

- (a) G is the Aunt of I
- (b) Sister of I sits 3rd from left end
- (c) Both P and H are face to each other
- (d) V faces the one who sits 2nd left of H
- (e) All are true

Q29. How many persons sit between S and Q?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) None of these

Q30. In which position sister of I sits with respect to G?

- (a) 2nd right
- (b) Immediate left
- (c) 2nd left
- (d) Immediate right
- (e) None of these

Directions (31-35): Study the following information carefully to answer the questions given below.

There are Twelve persons namely G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, P, Q, R and S live on four different floors from one to four. Ground floor is number 1 and top floor is number four but not necessarily in the same order. There are three flats on each floor- flat-1, flat-2 and flat-3 from west to east. Such that flat-1 of fourth floor is exactly above flat-1 of third floor which is exactly above flat-1 of second floor and other flats are placed in the same way.

Q does not live any of the flat 1 but lives immediate west to S. One person live between S and L, who live south to S. P lives on even number floor but not on even number flat. One person lives between J and R, who lives south to J. H lives in North east direction with respect to M. G lives immediate above to I. J lives south west to S. H does not live any of the flat 3. I does not live immediate above to M. K lives North east with respect to H.

Q31. Who among the following live between the one who lives in Flat 1 of 4th floor and the one who lives in Flat 3 of same floor?

- (a) J
- (b) H
- (c) Q
- (d) M
- (e) L



Q32. Which of the following combination is correct regarding H?

- (a) Flat 2, Floor 1
- (b) Flat 2, Floor 2
- (c) Flat 2, Floor 4
- (d) Flat 3, Floor 2
- (e) None of these

Q33. In which of the direction G lives with respect to L?

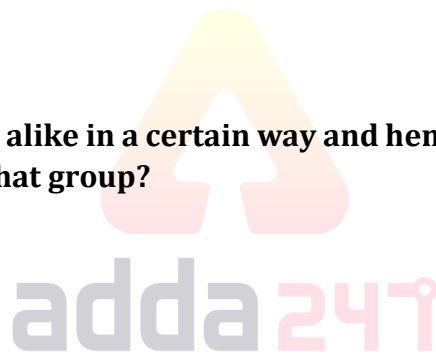
- (a) South-East
- (b) North-West
- (c) South-West
- (d) North-East
- (e) Can't be determined

Q34. Who among the following live to the immediate East of P?

- (a) H
- (b) N
- (c) K
- (d) L
- (e) None of these

Q35. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group?

- (a) G, Q, S
- (b) H, P, K
- (c) M, R, L
- (d) G, Q, L
- (e) M, R, S



Directions (36-38): Study the following information carefully to answer the questions given below.

A Plane takes off from Jaipur airport to Bhopal airport. It takes North-west for 20km and reaches at Point A. Now it takes 35km in West and reaches to Point B. Cause off heavy rain Plain takes emergency landing in Jodhpur Airport and takes 20 km in South-West. After when raining stop plane takes off 40 km in north-west and reaches to Point C. From here it goes 35km in west and reaches to point D. From Point D it takes 40 km in South-east to reaches Bhopal airport.

(Note: All the inclined angles are to be considered 45°)

Q36. What is the shortest distance in between Bhopal airport and Jodhpur airport?

- (a) 30km
- (b) 40km
- (c) 45km
- (d) 35km
- (e) Can't be determined

Q37. Find the total distance between Point C and Jaipur airport?

- (a) 105km
- (b) 125km
- (c) 115km
- (d) 95km
- (e) 135km

Q38. If Point D is in which direction with respect to point B?

- (a) Northeast
- (b) west
- (c) Southeast
- (d) Southwest
- (e) Northwest



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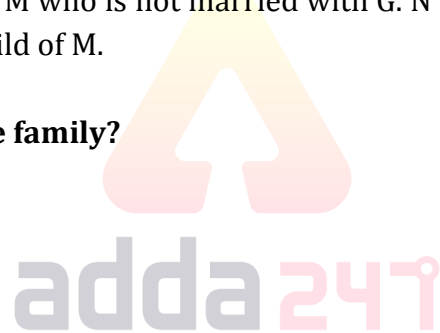
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Directions (39-40): Study the following information carefully to answer the questions given below.

In a family there are six members G, L, M, N, O and Q in which there are only two married couples. N is the son in law of Q. O is the grandson of M who is not married with G. N is the brother in law of L. Q is not the father of G. N has no siblings. G is child of M.

Q39. How many females are in the family?

- (a) Two
- (b) One
- (c) Four
- (d) Can't be determined
- (e) None



Q40. If C is the wife of L than what is the relation of C with respect to G?

- (a) Bother
- (b) Sister in law
- (c) Sister
- (d) Brother in law
- (e) None of these

Directions (41-45): Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

There are ten persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I and J sitting around a rectangular table. All of them belong to different districts of Haryana viz. Ambala, Bhiwani, Faridabad, Fatehabad, Gurugram, Hisar, Jhajjar, Panchkula, Jind and Karnal but not necessarily in the same order. The person sitting on the corner faces towards the center while others are facing opposite the center. Two persons are sitting on the longer side of rectangular table while one person is sitting on the shorter side of rectangular table.

A is sitting third to left of J. Three person sits between A and one who belongs to Ambala. I belongs to Jhajjar. There is only one person sits between I and J. I sits at one of the corner of rectangular table. H belongs to Hisar and sits one of the corners. G belongs to Panchkula and sits second to right of H. There is three persons sits between persons who belongs to Ambala and Bhiwani. B belongs to Bhiwani. There is only one person sits between one who belongs to Ambala and Faridabad. E belongs to Faridabad. E does not sit corner of the rectangular table. The person who belongs to Fatehabad sits second to left of one who belongs to Faridabad. There is two persons sit between one who belong to Fatehabad and Gurugram. C sits immediate right of D. Neither C nor D belongs to Ambala. D belongs to Karnal and sits adjacent to F.

Q41. C belongs to which of the following city?

- (a) Ambala
- (b) Jind
- (c) Jhajjar
- (d) Gurugram
- (e) Hisar

Q42. Who among following sits on the corner of table?

- (a) AHBG
- (b) DCGJ
- (c) FJEI
- (d) ADCH
- (e) CHFI

Q43. Who sits second to right of the one who belongs to Jind?

- (a) Ambala
- (b) Jind
- (c) Panchkula
- (d) Jhajjar
- (e) None of these

Q44. G is related to Gurugram and B is related to Faridabad, in the same way A is related to?

- (a) Ambala
- (b) Gurugram
- (c) Hisar
- (d) Karnal
- (e) None of these

Q45. Who sits opposite to one who belongs to Ambala?

- (a) C-Jind
- (b) B-Bhiwani
- (c) D-Karnal
- (d) H-Hisar
- (e) None of these

Directions (46-50): Study the following information to answer the given questions:

A word and number arrangement machine when given an input line of words and numbers rearranges them following a particular rule in each step. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement. (All the numbers are two-digit numbers and all are arranged as per some logic based on the value of the number.)

Input: win 56 32 93 baffle for 46 hollow 28 11 give chance

Step I: 93 56 32 baffle for 46 hollow 28 11 give chance win

Step II: 11 93 56 32 baffle for 46 28 give chance win hollow

Step III: 56 11 93 32 baffle for 46 28 chance win hollow give

Step IV: 28 56 11 93 32 baffle 46 chance win hollow give for

Step V: 46 28 56 11 93 32 baffle win hollow give for chance

Step VI: 32 46 28 56 11 93 win hollow give for chance baffle

Step VI is the last step of the arrangement the above input.

As per the rules followed in the above steps, find out in each of the following questions the appropriate steps for the given input.

Input: friend 89 at the 28 16 base cunning 35 53 here 68

Q46. Which of the following would be step II?

- (a) 89 friend at 28 16 base cunning 35 53 here 68 the
- (b) 35 53 28 68 16 89 the here friend cunning base at
- (c) 16 89 at friend 28 cunning base 35 53 68 the here
- (d) 53 28 68 16 89 35 the here friend cunning base at
- (e) None of these

Q47. Which word/number would be at seventh position from the left end in step IV?

- (a) base
- (b) at
- (c) 35
- (d) the
- (e) 53

Q48. Which step number would be the following output?

'53 28 68 16 89 at 35 the here friend cunning base'

- (a) There will be no such step.
- (b) III
- (c) II
- (d) V
- (e) IV

Q49. In which step the elements 'base 35 53' found in the same order?

- (a) Step V
- (b) Step IV
- (c) Step I
- (d) Step II
- (e) Step III

Q50. Which element is exactly between '89' and 'base' in Step IV?

- (a) at
- (b) 28
- (c) here
- (d) friend
- (e) none of these

Directions (51-55): Find the approximate value that will come in place of question mark(?).

Q51. $149.91\% \text{ of } 40.11 + 24.991 = (2)^? + 53.11$

- (a) 9
- (b) 7
- (c) 5
- (d) 4
- (e) 6

Q52. $\sqrt{960.89} + 37.5\% \text{ of } 511 + 593.87 \div 9.01 = (?)^2$

- (a) 13
- (b) 17
- (c) 19
- (d) 15
- (e) 14

Q53. $1221.11 + 121.81 - 1220.99 + 11.99 = ? + 51.03$

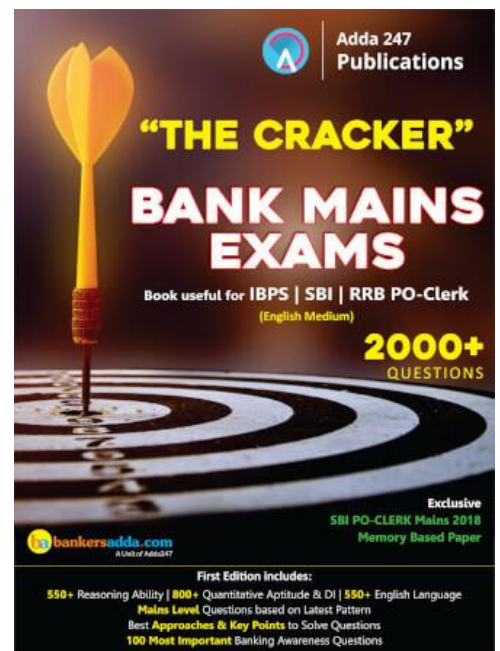
- (a) 76
- (b) 94
- (c) 53
- (d) 83
- (e) 73

Q54. $21.012 \times 4.02 \div (49.017)^{\frac{1}{3}} = (?)^2 - \sqrt{170}$

- (a) 4
- (b) 6
- (c) 7
- (d) 8
- (e) 5

Q55. $15.91 \times 16.054 + ? = 20.918 \times 21.045$

- (a) 185
- (b) 220
- (c) 315
- (d) 155
- (e) 165



Directions (56-60): Read the data carefully and answer the following question.

A manufacturing company 'ABC' produces a product which has five months demand cycle.

In January, units demanded are 100 more than that is demanded in May. Units demanded in April and March is half and twice of the units demanded in May respectively. Units demanded in February are 25% more than that is demanded in March.

Average units demanded in five months are equal to total units demanded in January.

Working days/month: Average of working days/month in these five months is 20.8 days. Working days in January is equal to total working days in May and working days in February, March and April are equal which is 2 days less than that in May.

Company maintains safety stock of 20% of total units demanded in that particular month and each month safety stock becomes the opening stock for the next month and opening stock for January is 30 units.

→ $Production\ required = Demand + safety\ stock - opening\ stock$

Q56. Find the ratio of opening stock of April to the safety stock of February month.

- (a) 3 : 4
- (b) 5 : 4
- (c) 4 : 3
- (d) 4 : 5
- (e) 5 : 6

Q57. Find the total units required to produce in March and May together are what percent of total units demanded in February?

- (a) 120%
- (b) 100%
- (c) 80%
- (d) 125%
- (e) 140%

Q58. Sum of number of units produced per day in January and March are what percent more or less than the total number of working days in February and April together?

- (a) 10%
- (b) 12 ½%
- (c) 15%
- (d) 20%
- (e) 25%

Q59. In which of the given five months, production required is highest?

- (a) January
- (b) February
- (c) March
- (d) April
- (e) May

Q60. Number of units in opening stock of January and May month together is how much more or less than that of opening stock of June, if company manufactures product throughout the year?

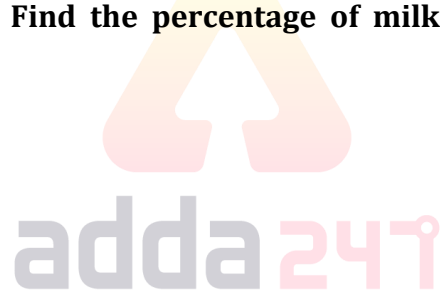
- (a) 15
- (b) 12
- (c) 18
- (d) 20
- (e) 10

Q61. In an examination of two papers there are 'X' number of students out of which 180 students passed only first paper while 320 students passed only second paper. The probability of selecting a student failed in both subjects is $\frac{1}{14}$. Find which options will correct regarding total number of students appeared in examination if 150 students passed both the papers.

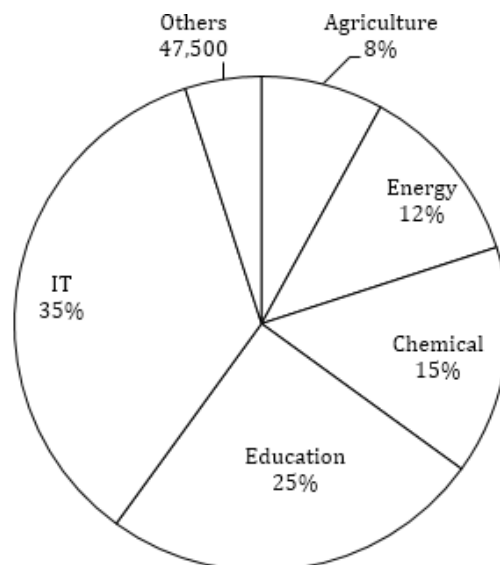
- (a) $400 < x < 680$
- (b) $440 < x < 460$
- (c) $480 < x < 510$
- (d) $520 < x < 560$
- (e) $580 < x < 720$

Q62. 20% of a mixture containing 60% milk and remaining water, is replaced with water. From the resulting solution, again 25% of the solution is replaced with water. Finally, one-fourth of the solution is replaced with water. Find the percentage of milk in the total solution in the final mixture?

- (a) 25%
- (b) 27%
- (c) 30%
- (d) 36%
- (e) 40%



Directions (63-67): Pie chart given below shows the percentage distribution of total number of employees in different industries of a particular year. Study the chart carefully and answer the following questions.



Q63. Find the number of employees in IT industry is what percentage of the number of employees in others.

- (a) 500%
- (b) 600%
- (c) 700%
- (d) 800%
- (e) 900%

Q64. Find the ratio between total number of employees in IT and Energy industry together to the total number of employees in the Chemical & Agriculture Industry together.

- (a) 47 : 19
- (b) 41 : 23
- (c) 39 : 19
- (d) 47 : 23
- (e) 41 : 16

Q65. Find the difference between average number of employees in IT, Education & Chemical industry and the average number of employees in Energy & Agriculture industry together?

- (a) 1,42,500
- (b) 5,22,500
- (c) 1,43,500
- (d) 1,52,500
- (e) 1,60,500

Q66. Find the total number of employees in other is what percent more or less than the total number of employees in Education industry.

- (a) 20% more
- (b) 25% more
- (c) 80% more
- (d) 20% less
- (e) 80% less

Q67. If 20% of the total number of employees from Chemical industry moved to Energy industry then, find the total number of employees in Energy industry is what percentage of the total number of employee's in agriculture industry.

- (a) 162.5%
- (b) 150%
- (c) 187.5%
- (d) 200%
- (e) 175%

Directions (68-72): What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following number series.

Q68. 19, 45, 95, 177, 299, ?

- (a) 392
- (b) 438
- (c) 516
- (d) 469
- (e) 479

Q69. 256, 128, 192, 480, 1680, ?

- (a) 6720
- (b) 8400
- (c) 7560
- (d) 5880
- (e) 7600

Q70. 119, 126, 134, 146, 167, ?

- (a) 204
- (b) 208
- (c) 197
- (d) 219
- (e) 200

Q71. 18, 32, 50, 72, 98, ?


- (a) 124
- (b) 130
- (c) 128
- (d) 112
- (e) 138

Q72. 32, 66, 35, 72, 38, ?

- (a) 76
- (b) 78
- (c) 84
- (d) 98
- (e) 80

Q73. Mr. Ram invested Rs. 80,000 in two schemes A and B in the ratio 2 : 3 for 2 years. Scheme A gives R% interest rate and scheme B gives (R + 5) % interest rate. Total amount after 2 years is Rs. 96,000. Then, find the value of R%.

- (a) 7.5%
- (b) 6%
- (c) 7%
- (d) 8%
- (e) 6.5%



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Q74. A shopkeeper gives 30% discount on the marked price of a pen and 40% discount on the marked price of a pencil. Selling price of pen and pencils are in the ratio 7 : 4 and selling price of pen is Rs. 9 more than the selling price of pencil. Then, Find the marked price of pen & pencil.

- (a) Rs. 15, Rs. 35
- (b) Rs. 25, Rs. 25
- (c) Rs. 40, Rs. 10
- (d) Rs. 30, Rs. 20
- (e) Rs. 27, Rs. 23

Q75. Selling price of article A and article B is in ratio 3 : 4. On selling article A, shopkeeper earns 50% profit and on selling article B, shopkeeper earns 20% profit and cost price of article B is Rs. 100 more than the cost price of article A. Then, find his overall profit percentage.

- (a) $31\frac{1}{4}\%$
- (b) $30\frac{1}{4}\%$
- (c) $29\frac{1}{4}\%$
- (d) $28\frac{1}{4}\%$
- (e) $32\frac{1}{4}\%$

Directions (76-80): Study the following table and answer the questions based on it. Expenditures of Mr. A per annum over the given years.

Note- Annual Salary of Mr. A = Total expenditure + Savings

Years	Items of Expenditure				Savings
	Rent	Transport	Cloth	Food	
2013	40,000	10,000	50,000	50,000	_____
2014	_____	10,000	50,000	50,000	_____
2015	72,000	17,000	_____	55,000	64,000
2016	80,000	20,000	55,000	58,000	67,000
2017	1,00,000	_____	60,000	61,000	_____

Q76. What percentage of Mr. A's salary is spent on Rent & transport together in 2013, if it is known that savings in 2013 is 25% of the 2013's salary.

- (a) 15%
- (b) 18%
- (c) 25%
- (d) 22%
- (e) 24%

Q77. In 2014, his savings increased by 20% as compared to his saving in 2013 and the ratio of amount spent on Rent in 2013 to the amount spent on Rent in 2014 is 2 : 3. Then find the ratio of the amount spent on transport and clothes in 2013 to amount spent on rent in 2014.

- (a) 4 : 1
- (b) 2 : 3
- (c) 3 : 2
- (d) 1 : 1
- (e) 1 : 4

Q78. Amount spent on clothes in 2015 is 20% of the total salary of 2015. Then, find the difference between the average expense on rent, transport & clothes in 2014 & the average expense on rent, clothes & food in 2015. (approx. To near 100) (rent in 2014 is same as calculated in previous question)

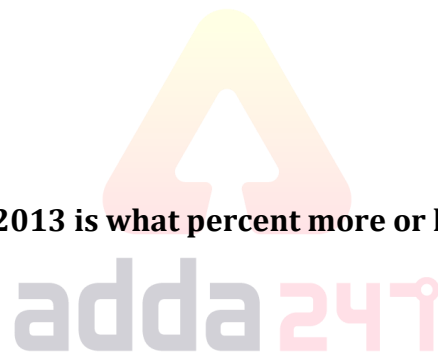
- (a) 19,700
- (b) 19,500
- (c) 20,000
- (d) 19,200
- (e) 19,600

Q79. Expense on Rent, Clothes in 2013 is what percent more or less than the savings in 2015?

- (a) $40\frac{5}{8}\%$ less
- (b) $41\frac{5}{8}\%$ less
- (c) $40\frac{5}{8}\%$ more
- (d) $41\frac{5}{8}\%$ more
- (e) $42\frac{5}{8}\%$ less

Q80. In 2017, he is promoted and due to promotion his salary is increased upto Rs. 5,50,000 p.a. In the same year, he decided to purchase a car worth Rs. 5,00,000. Due to car purchase, his expense on transport in 2017 is increased by 150% as compared to previous year. Then, find the savings at the end of the year 2017, as it is being known that he purchased the car from his savings. (saving of 2013 and 2014 is same as calculated in previous questions)

- (a) 35,000
- (b) 40,000
- (c) 50,000
- (d) 30,000
- (e) 20,000



Q81. Rahul purchased 50% of the packets of Yippee noodles available with the shopkeeper and takes 1 packet more. Arun again takes 50% of the remaining packets of Yippee noodles available with shopkeeper and 1 more packets from the shopkeeper. At last shopkeeper is left with 20% of the initial number of Yippee noodles packets. Find the initial number of that packets.

- (a) 25
- (b) 40
- (c) 20
- (d) 30
- (e) None of the above

Directions (82-86): Given below in each question there two statements (I) and (II). You have to determine, which statement is sufficient to give the answer of question. Also there are five alternatives given, you have choose one alternative as your answer of the questions:

Q82. A and B both are Cricket players. Find in a whole year, who caught more catches ?

I. Catches taken by 'A' and 'B' in that year is in the ratio of 2 : 3.

II. After B stopped catching, A continued to take catches until took 14 catches.

- (a) Statement (I) alone is sufficient to answer the question but statement (II) alone is not sufficient to answer the questions.
- (b) Statement (II) alone is sufficient to answer the question but statement (I) alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) Both the statements taken together are necessary to answer the questions, but neither of the statements alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- (d) Either statement (I) or statement (II) is sufficient to answer the question.
- (e) Statements (I) and (II) together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Q83. What are the ages of three friends P, Q and R (ages are in natural numbers).

I. The product of their age is 48 years.

II. The sum of their ages is not divisible by 6.

- (a) Statement (I) alone is sufficient to answer the question but statement (II) alone is not sufficient to answer the questions.
- (b) Statement (II) alone is sufficient to answer the question but statement (I) alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) Both the statements taken together are necessary to answer the questions, but neither of the statements alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- (d) Either statement (I) or statement (II) is sufficient to answer the question.
- (e) Statements (I) and (II) together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Q84. Product of x, y, z and u is 2806 (x, y, z and u. are all natural numbers). Which one is the largest among them ?

I. $x > z > u$

II. $x > y > u$

- (a) Statement (I) alone is sufficient to answer the question but statement (II) alone is not sufficient to answer the questions.
- (b) Statement (II) alone is sufficient to answer the question but statement (I) alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) Both the statements taken together are necessary to answer the questions, but neither of the statements alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- (d) Either statement (I) or statement (II) is sufficient to answer the question.
- (e) Statements (I) and (II) together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Q85. Three teams of type writers with equal number in each competition to type more number of pages. Find which team would win that competition.

I. The second and third teams type 200% more number of pages than that of first team.

II. First and third team type twice as the number of pages typed by second team.

- (a) Statement (I) alone is sufficient to answer the question but statement (II) alone is not sufficient to answer the questions.
- (b) Statement (II) alone is sufficient to answer the question but statement (I) alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) Both the statements taken together are necessary to answer the questions, but neither of the statements alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- (d) Either statement (I) or statement (II) is sufficient to answer the question.
- (e) Statements (I) and (II) together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Q86. What will be the share of R in the total profit earned by V, R and A together?

I. They together earned a profit of Rs. 54000 for a period of 1 yr.

II. R's investment was 25% less than V's and 50% more than A's.

- (a) Statement (I) alone is sufficient to answer the question but statement (II) alone is not sufficient to answer the questions.
- (b) Statement (II) alone is sufficient to answer the question but statement (I) alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) Both the statements taken together are necessary to answer the questions, but neither of the statements alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- (d) Either statement (I) or statement (II) is sufficient to answer the question.
- (e) Statements (I) and (II) together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Q87. When numerator & denominator of a fraction is increased by 40% and 50% respectively, it become 84% of another fraction and the sum of reciprocal of both fractions is $2\frac{7}{25}$. Then, find the original fraction.

- (a) $\frac{4}{5}$
- (b) $\frac{3}{4}$
- (c) $\frac{8}{9}$
- (d) $\frac{6}{7}$
- (e) $\frac{5}{6}$

Q88. There are two containers A and B both containing mixture of milk and water. In container A, ratio of milk to water is 2 : 3, while in container B, ratio of milk to water is 1 : 1. If 30ℓ of mixture from container A is mixed with 'x' litre of mixture from container B in container C, then the ratio of milk and water in container C becomes 7 : 8. So, find the value of x ?

- (a) 58ℓ
- (b) 64ℓ
- (c) 62ℓ
- (d) 60ℓ
- (e) 65ℓ

Q89. Batsman A & B made 70% of total runs made by the team and the difference in the score of Batsman A & B is 45 runs and the ratio of scores of A & B is 29 : 20. Then, find what percentage of team's total runs made by Batsman B?

- (a) $26\frac{4}{7}\%$
- (b) $28\frac{4}{7}\%$
- (c) $24\frac{4}{7}\%$
- (d) $22\frac{4}{7}\%$
- (e) $30\frac{4}{7}\%$

Q90. 'A' is 100% more efficient than 'B'. B takes 50% more time than 'C' to complete the work alone. If 'C' take 6 days more than 'A' to complete the work alone. Then in how many days, 'A', 'B' and 'C' all together can complete the same work?

- (a) 8 days
- (b) 9 days
- (c) 12 days
- (d) 15 days
- (e) 18 days

Q91. A and B started a business together with capital of Rs. 8000 and Rs. 10,000 respectively. A left the business after 5 months while B continued. A gets 20% of total profit for managing business and remaining is distributed in ratio of their profit sharing. If after a year, A gets total profit of Rs.2500 then, find the total profit earned by 'A' and 'B' together.

- (a) 10,000
- (b) 8,500
- (c) 7,500
- (d) 6,250
- (e) 5,750

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Q92. A box contains 'x' blue balls, 5 red and 5 black balls. If probability of choosing 2 blue balls from the bag is 0.125, then find the total number of balls in the box?

- (a) 25
- (b) 15
- (c) 16
- (d) 18
- (e) 21

Q93. Sawan went to Kanpur from Delhi with a certain speed and return to Delhi by reducing his speed by $12\frac{1}{2}\%$. If distance between Delhi and Kanpur is 560 km and time taken by him to reach Kanpur from Delhi is 2.5 hours less than time taken by him to return to Delhi from Kanpur. Then find the time taken by him in whole journey.

- (a) 32 hours
- (b) 42 hours
- (c) $37\frac{1}{2}$ hour
- (d) $34\frac{1}{4}$ hour
- (e) 35 hours

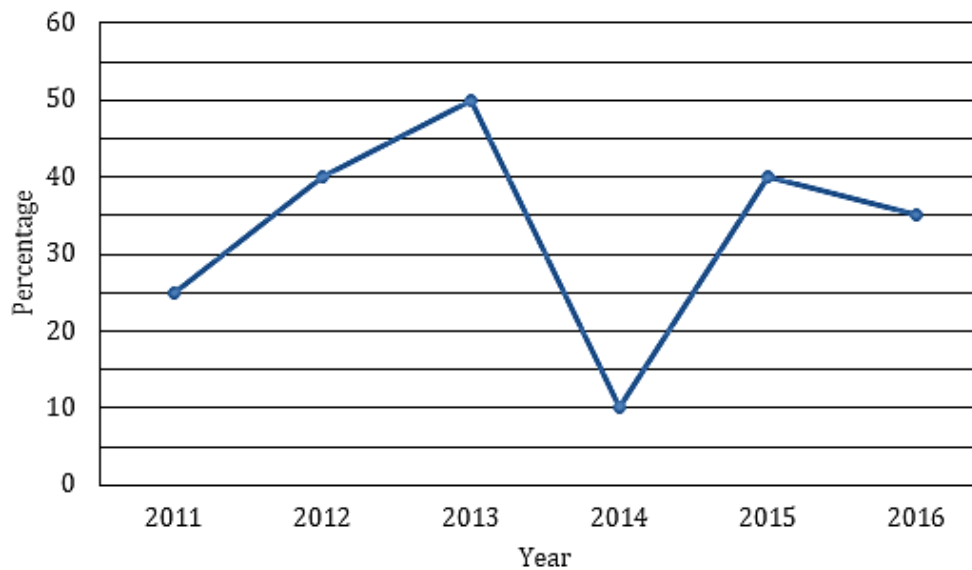
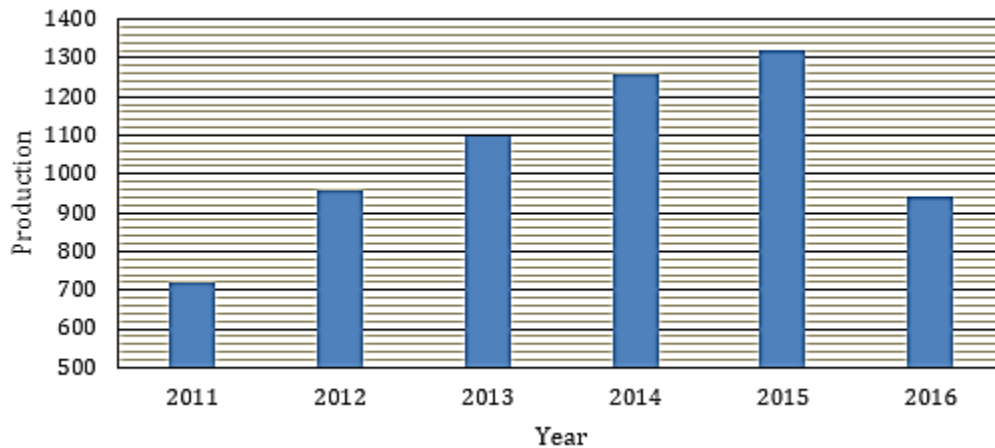
Q94. A, B and C independently can do a work in 15 days, 20 days, and 30 days respectively. They work together for some days after which C leaves and remaining work is completed by A and B together. Total Rs. 18000 is paid for the work and 'B' gets Rs. 6000 more than 'C'. For how many days did 'A' worked?

- (a) 8 Days
- (b) 4 Days
- (c) 6 Days
- (d) 10 Days
- (e) 2 Days

Q95. Mitra and Mohit started a business with initial investment in ratio 4 : 11 respectively . After 6 months of starting of business Maya also joined the business with investment $9\frac{1}{11}\%$ more than investment made by mohit. If after a year, profit share of Mitra and Maya together is Rs. 37560 then find the difference between profit share of Mohit and Maya.

- (a) Rs 12320
- (b) Rs 18780
- (c) Rs 15625
- (d) Rs 19195
- (e) Rs. 25040

Directions (96-100): Bar graph given below shows total production of a company which produced two types of cars X and Y in given six years. Line graph shows production of Y in excess of X in-terms of percentage. Study the data carefully and answer the following question.



Q96. Total Y type car produced by company in year 2011 and 2012 together is what percent of the total Y type car produced by company in year 2014 and 2016 together.

- (a) 70%
- (b) 75%
- (c) 80%
- (d) 90%
- (e) 120%

Q97. Find the ratio of total X type car produced in 2011 and 2012 together to total X type car produced in 2013 and 2015 together.

- (a) 21 : 22
- (b) 15 : 22
- (c) 7 : 10
- (d) 8 : 11
- (e) 6 : 11

Q98. In 2017, total production of company increases by 35% while production of X type car produced increase by 62% than that of in 2016, then find the percentage increase in the production of Y type car in 2017.

- (a) 10%
- (b) 15%
- (c) 20%
- (d) 25%
- (e) 30%

Q99. Find the average number of Y type car produced in 2011, 2013 and 2015 together.

- (a) 580
- (b) 620
- (c) 1570
- (d) 590
- (e) 610

Q100. In 2012, 20% Y type cars are defective while in 2014, 30% Y type cars are defective, then find the total Y type cars produced in 2012 and 2014 together which are non-defective?

- (a) 880
- (b) 910
- (c) 940
- (d) 970
- (e) 990

Directions (101-107): Read the following passage, divided into number of paragraphs, carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are given in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Paragraph 01: IT'S LIKE READING Dostoevsky on a bad summer day. There are so many tormented souls out there caught in a morality play. Its emotional intensity is only matched by the inevitability of the questions it raises about country, religion, power, and retribution. It's big, shapeless, chaotic, and in the end, a rewarding experience of the imagination. But then, you're not reading the Great Russian. You're living in, dare I say, a creative phase of politics. Rich in ideas and arguments, intense in its interplay of passions, nuanced in its undertones of morality and ethics, and ambitious in its pursuit of freedom, politics today, as a genre in creativity, is as good as the original works in other realms of the human mind, be it fiction or philosophy.

Paragraph 02: A sign of the times could be the profusion of political titles in publishing. They are mostly built on the themes of populism, outsiderhood, globalisation and resentment. Hardly a week passes without a full-length review in the Books pages on yet another tome on a world gone astray, a world that's being led to an incendiary **denouement** by revolutionaries and revisionists. The moment deserves such interventions because, by common intellectual consensus, in the evolution of post-World War II politics, we are at the next history-shifting stage after 1989, Europe's annus mirabilis.



Paragraph 03: Then, the stage was an extension of literature: what was imagined in a controlled society sought freedom as the Lie unravelled. In the Russia once imagined by Gogol, and lately reclaimed by Solzhenitsyn, the sight of the last general secretary of the Soviet Union letting the empire crack and go away needed another prophet, another novelist. Elsewhere, in a vassal state, revolution earned an adjective as romantic as 'velvet', and in the **vanguard** of its freedom struggle were writers and singers. In the end, the philosopher would be king. It was a time when an idea that promised man an alternative more liberating than religion proved to be history's biggest ghost story.

Paragraph 04: Today, it's the idea of freedom, as it has always been, that propels politics. It's a different cast. No figures larger than their historical size. No one is pretending to be the last arbiter of our destiny. And no one is talking in a language that would be taught to generation after generation. The disappearance of **grandeur** from the arena even prompted some pundits a while ago to wail over the death of politics. This moment in politics has an overwhelming sense of ordinariness about it. The new salvation theologians are all ordinary guys, tapping into the fears of people who have lost their balance in a world moving at a pace they cannot cope with. They can easily be categorised into types.

Paragraph 05: 'Outsider' has already become a worn-out word, and most totemic outsiders are today insiders. That's what power does to usurpers. Still, the angry **legions** in affluent societies can still afford messiahs, and there's no sign that the people are getting less angry. The outsider, the undisputed protagonist of the political drama, is born from the rotten remains of politics as usual. He is a rejoinder to the three big 'E's that cause resentment: Establishment, Entrenchment and Entitlement. Where career politicians embody the status quo, the outsider sells tomorrow, as revolutionaries had done before. There is a difference. In the earlier revolutionary texts, the past is a country without glory, and invariably a horror story. In contrast, the outsider romances nostalgia, the future is the past restored in glory. 'Make America Great Again' is the slogan that took Donald Trump to the White House, and it is a sentiment in which the longing for a golden yesterday strengthens the struggle for a fantastic tomorrow.

Q101. What does the author mean by the phrase "**a creative phase of politics**"?

- (I) Politics today, as a genre in creativity, is as good as the original works in other realms of the human mind, be it fiction or philosophy.
 - (II) Politics today, as on moral and creative ground, is big, shapeless, chaotic, and in the end, a rewarding experience of the imagination.
 - (III) Politics today is rich in ideas and arguments, fervent in its interplay of passions and nuanced in its undertones of morality and ethics.
- (a) Only (I) is correct
 - (b) Only (II) is correct
 - (c) Both (I) and (II) are correct
 - (d) Both (I) and (III) are correct
 - (e) All are correct

Q102. Which of the following statements describe(s) the concept of “Outsider” in modern politics?

- (I) The outsider in modern politics is considered to be the unequivocal protagonist of the political drama.
 - (II) The outsider is considered to be born from the rotten remnants of politics as most totemic outsiders are today insiders.
 - (III) The outsider believes in cultural purity, and dreads cross- pollination.
- (a) Only (I) is correct
 - (b) Only (III) is correct
 - (c) Both (I) and (II) are correct
 - (d) Both (II) and (III) are correct
 - (e) All are correct

Q103. Which of the following themes determine the establishment of modern political titles?

- (I) Populism and Resentment.
 - (II) Outsiderhood, Globalisation and Antagonism
 - (III) Contentment, Hostility and Communism
- (a) Only (I) is correct
 - (b) Only (II) is correct
 - (c) Both (I) and (II) are correct
 - (d) Both (I) and (III) are correct
 - (e) All are correct

Q104. Which of the following statements summarizes the Paragraph 04 in the best possible manner?

- (a) Modern politics has evolved after the death of primeval politics and it finds no relevance from its classical glory as the idea of freedom and the sense of ordinariness have substituted the core ideologies.
- (b) In an unequal world the old bipolarity of politics has ceased to work, for the Left and the Right have not only lost the social space, they have lost the argument to a new set of liberators for whom it is not ideology that matters but ideas that feed on resentment.
- (c) The importance and culture of politics has diminished since the arrival of ordinary people on the arena that witnessed the death of ancient political ideologies.
- (d) As history choreographs a heady piece of politics, a certain amount of pessimism has taken over the fears of people who have lost their balance in a world moving at a pace they cannot cope with.
- (e) None of the above.

Q105. What according to the author is/are the major cause(s) of indignation to the modern politics?

- (I) The failure of modern politics to recover old ideologies from the system which used to be the defining stature of historical glory.
 - (II) The three big ‘E’s that describe the existence of pillars on which modern politics is built - Establishment, Entrenchment and Entitlement.
 - (III) The revolution that saw the advancement of new philosophers and salvation theologians who form the arrival of new ideologies and dogmas in the system.
- (a) Only (I) is correct
 - (b) Only (II) is correct
 - (c) Only (III) is correct
 - (d) Both (I) and (II) are correct
 - (e) All are correct

Q106. What does the author mean by the ghost story as mentioned in the passage?

- (a) It's not traditions, or even 'lessons from history', that matter but the man who dares to defy them, the ruler who refuses to be restrained by office.
- (b) The revolution that brought writers, singers and philosophers together in pursuit of attaining the idea that promised man an alternative more liberating than religion.
- (c) The empire that was built and imagined by Gogol and Solzhenitsyn to pursue the idea of freedom.
- (d) Both (b) and (c) are correct
- (e) All are correct

Directions (107-107): Choose the word/group of words which is most similar in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in passage.

Q107. Legion

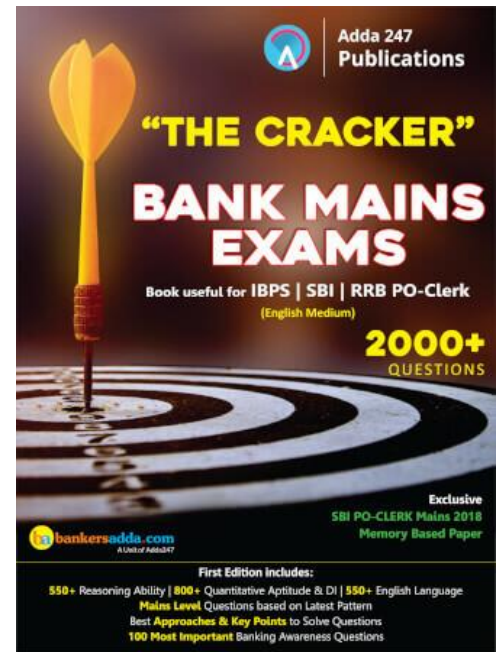
- (a) Partisan
- (b) Conclave
- (c) Segmentation
- (d) Corps
- (e) Throng

Directions (108-115): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words have been printed in bold to help you locate them, while answering some of the questions.

Formal dispute settlement at the WTO is a last-resort option. Many differences between Members are unlikely ever to become an issue at the WTO, and even if they do, they will not necessarily trigger formal dispute settlement procedures. Some issues are settled at the committee level or defused in that context. The WTO Secretariat cannot challenge any Member. It has no right to prosecute. It is up to governments to decide whether or not to bring a dispute against another government to the WTO. And it is also entirely up to the complainant to argue its case. The dispute is only between governments, and only about alleged failures to comply with WTO agreements or commitments.

Settling disputes is the responsibility of the Dispute Settlement Body (DSB). The DSB has sole authority to establish "panels" of experts to consider the case, and to adopt the panels' findings or the results of an appeal. It monitors the implementation of the rulings and recommendations of panels and the Appellate Body, and has the power to authorize retaliation when a country does not comply with a ruling.

The World Trade Organization (WTO) is a relatively new international organization. However, it is responsible for a system that is over 50 years old. Established on 1 January 1995, the WTO replaced the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), which dated back to 1948. One of the most **profound** changes introduced by the transition from GATT to WTO in 1995 was the agreement to implement a



dispute settlement process that would be speedier and more “automatic”, with fixed deadlines. This Agreement is set out in the WTO Understanding on Rules and Procedures Governing the Settlement of Disputes (the “Dispute Settlement Understanding or the “DSU”). It is more automatic in the sense that the dispute settlement process, including the adoption of the final panel report and the authorization of sanctions in case of non-compliance, can only be blocked if there is a consensus to do so (sometimes referred to as “reversed consensus”). Previously, under the GATT, it took a consensus among all countries to adopt the report – hence the “losing” party to the dispute could always block an unfavourable ruling.

In a first stage, the DSU requires countries in dispute to consult with each other to see if they can settle their differences by themselves (for at least 60 days). Parties can also agree to ask the WTO Director-General to mediate. Mediation, conciliation and good offices may be requested at any time in parallel to the dispute settlement process. If the consultations between the parties fail, the complaining country can ask for a panel to be appointed.

Panels resemble arbitral tribunals, the composition of which is normally also under the control of the parties to the dispute. Only if the two sides cannot agree does the WTO director-general appoint them. Panels consist of three (occasionally five) experts from different countries, who examine the evidence. Panel and Appellate Body findings have to be based on the agreements cited and should normally be given to the parties to the dispute within nine months from the establishment of the panel.

In general, after two hearings with the parties (and technical experts, if necessary), the panel submits the descriptive sections of its report (facts and arguments) for comments to the parties. This is followed by an “interim report” also submitted to the parties for review, and then, the final report, which is first submitted to the parties and then later circulated to all WTO Members. **Subsequently**, the final report is passed to the DSB, which can only reject the report by consensus. The report becomes the DSB’s ruling or recommendation within 60 days and is posted on the WTO website.

Panel reports can be appealed. The Appellate Body can hear on appeal only points of law decided by panels. Generally, the Appellate Body is not allowed to review facts of the case, as determined by the panel, or examine any evidence. Each appeal is heard by three members of a quasi-permanent seven-member Appellate Body set up by the DSB. The Appellate Body can uphold, modify or reverse the panel’s legal findings and conclusion, and proceedings should normally not last more than 90 days. When a case has been appealed, the DSB has to adopt the reports of the Appellate Body and of the panel (as amended, reversed or upheld) within 30 days from the circulation of the Appellate Body report; rejection is only possible by consensus.

The Dispute Settlement Understanding stresses that “prompt compliance with recommendations or rulings of the DSB is essential in order to ensure effective resolution of disputes to the benefit of all Members”. If a country is found to be at fault with the rules, it is expected to promptly correct the measure at issue. Moreover, it must state its intention to do so at a DSB meeting held within 30 days of the report’s adoption. If immediate compliance with the recommendation proves impractical, the country will be allowed a “reasonable period of time”. If it fails to act within this period, it has to enter into negotiations with the complaining country (or countries) in order to determine temporary compensation – for instance, tariff reductions in areas of particular interest to the complaining side. There is no financial compensation. If no satisfactory compensation is agreed, the complaining side may ask the DSB for permission to impose limited trade sanctions (“suspend concessions or obligations”) against the other side. If requested the DSB must grant this authorization. WTO Arbitration on the level of such sanctions can also be requested if the parties do not agree.

The DSB monitors how adopted rulings are implemented, and any outstanding case remains on its agenda until the issue is resolved.

Q108. “Formal dispute settlement at the WTO is a last-resort option” means:

- I. Countries should solve their differences among themselves.
- II. Issues need not be reported to WTO if they can be sorted out bilaterally and multilaterally.
- III. Efforts should be made to sort out the issues at committee level.
- IV. WTO members should impose rules on members.

Choose the right option.

- (a) I and IV
- (b) I, II and III
- (c) II, III and IV above
- (d) All the four (I to IV)
- (e) None of these

Q109. The Dispute Settlement Body can be approved only through:

- (a) Companies & Organizations
- (b) Governments
- (c) Private individuals
- (d) United Nations
- (e) None of these

Q110. Dispute Settlement system under WTO is better than GATT because:


- I. It is speedier & more automatic.
- II. It has less blockages.
- III. It is time bound
- IV. It favours small and least developed countries.

Choose the right option.

- (a) I, II and IV
- (b) II, III and IV
- (c) I, II and III
- (d) II and IV
- (e) None of these

Q111. Effective resolution of disputes is ensured by:

- (a) asking the defaulting country to promptly correct the measure at issue.
- (b) imposing the financial compensation.
- (c) withdrawing that country’s membership of WTO.
- (d) posting the DSB ruling on WTO website.
- (e) None of the above



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BILINGUAL

Q112. Which of the following statements are true?

- I. Panelists have to strictly follow their government's instructions.
- II. Mediation, conciliation & good offices are independent of consultations.
- III. Panel reports can be appealed.
- IV. Failure to act within a reasonable period entails compensation.

Choose the right option.

- (a) I, II, III are true.
- (b) Only I and II are true.
- (c) Only II and III are true.
- (d) Only III and IV are true.
- (e) None of these

Q113. Match the following:

- | | |
|--|--|
| I. Conciliation
complaining side. | (A) Tariff reduction in areas of particular interest to the |
| II. Mediation | (B) Discussion with other party. |
| III. Inquiry
institutionalized basis. | (C) Third-party intervention put on a formal legal and |
| IV. Compensation | (D) Active participation of (a state, international
organization or individual) who is authorized and expected to transmit and interpret
each party's proposals to the other and to advance his own proposals. |
| V. Negotiations | (E) Ascertaining disputed issues of fact. |

- (a) I-A, II-B, III-C, IV-D, V-E
- (b) I-B, II-D, III-A, IV-C, V-E
- (c) I-D, II-E, III-B, IV-A, V-C
- (d) I-C, II-D, III-E, IV-A, V-B
- (e) None of these



Directions (114-115): Choose the word which is MOST SIMILAR in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

Q114. SUBSEQUENTLY

- (a) Obviate
- (b) antecedent
- (c) erstwhile
- (d) prefatory
- (e) Ensue

Q115. PROFOUND

- (a) Trivial
- (b) Nugatory
- (c) Frivolous
- (d) Facile
- (e) Fervent

Directions (116-120): In the questions given below few sentences are given which are grammatically correct and meaningful. Connect them by the word given above the statements in the best possible way without changing the intended meaning. Choose your answer accordingly from the options to form a correct, coherent sentence.

Q116. SO THAT

- (A) The prison service should try to rehabilitate and improve the quality of life of prisoners.
 - (B) Prisoners can lead normal lives when they leave prison after the completion of their sentence.
 - (C) The number of inmates in state and federal prisons has increased nearly seven-fold from less than 200,000 in 1970 to 1,518,535 by midyear 2007.
 - (D) All prisons are different, but they share common challenges.
- (a) only A-B
 - (b) only B-C
 - (c) only C-D
 - (d) Both A-B and C-D
 - (e) None of these

Q117. ALONGSIDE

- (A) Scientists at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) Computer Science and Artificial Laboratory (CSAIL) have created a soft, robotic fish that can swim on its own.
 - (B) The tail of the fish is buoyant and has two balloon-like chambers which function like pistons in an engine.
 - (C) The robotic fish that can swim with other fish in the ocean to get an up close and personal look for scientists
 - (D) The robotic fish was designed to be as non-disruptive as possible from the sound of the motor to the low-frequency emissions of the communications system so that it can interact and observe marine life, but also be more readily accepted by aquatic species.
- (a) only A-B
 - (b) only A-C
 - (c) only C-D
 - (d) Both A-B and C-D
 - (e) None of these

Q118. NONETHELESS

- (A) The Facebook founder and CEO Zuckerberg claimed not to be familiar with shadow profiles
 - (B) Facebook wants people to take seriously the idea that they can control their data.
 - (C) Zuckerberg confirmed and accepted that the company collects information on nonusers.
 - (D) Zuckerberg has stated his willingness to comply with GDPR for its European users.
- (a) only A-B
 - (b) only B-C
 - (c) only A-C
 - (d) Both A-B and C-D
 - (e) None of these

Q119. EVEN THOUGH

- (A) There really weren't other opportunities for her, and most of them were volunteer opportunities.
- (B) My mom was talented and had a college degree, she lived in the era when the conventional wisdom in Dallas was that my dad worked.
- (C) I know that she felt so passionately that no other woman should ever be limited by cultural norms or what was expected of us.
- (D) She was supposed to stay home and take care of the kids, and nothing more.
- (a) only A-B
- (b) only B-D
- (c) only A-D
- (d) Both A-B and C-D
- (e) None of these

Q120. LEST

- (A) Anna could not keep back her tears while confronting the chief investigating officer.
- (B) You shouldn't steal from someone else's car on federal property.
- (C) You should fear to face a potentially lengthy federal prison sentence.
- (D) The chief cause of her pain seemed to be the fear that the people would doubt her truthfulness.
- (a) only A-B
- (b) only B-D
- (c) only A-D
- (d) Both A-D and B-C
- (e) None of these

Directions (121-130): In the passage given below there are blanks which are to be filled with the options given below. Find out the appropriate pair of words in each case which can most suitably complete the sentence without altering the meaning of the statement. Both the words must fill the blank.

- Q121.** One does not have to be a political theorist to ___(121)___ how in the face of the ___(122)___ state of these pillars of our governing structure, we can expect the government to ___(123)___ the challenges of the emergent new world. Nor to ask the ___(124)___ questions. Is it realistic — or even fair — to expect our elected leaders to deliver on the promises they make on their election ___(125)___? After all, they are continually electioneering and given the size of their constituencies and the cost of ___(126)___ an election, they cannot ___(127)___ their dependence on “financiers”. How can we expect leaders whose success has been achieved within a system framed by the ___(128)___ of nationalism and national politics, and whose continuation in power depends on appealing to narrow ascriptive identities, to be ___(129)___ to the global challenges of climate change, terrorism, migration or religious sectarianism? Most importantly, how can our democracy ___(130)___ the opportunities and threats of globalisation with the pressures of individual expectations?
- (a) wonder/ponder
- (b) admire/expect
- (c) account/idolize
- (d) alarm/fear
- (e) confuse/distract

Q122. One does not have to be a political theorist to ___(121)___ how in the face of the ___(122)___ state of these pillars of our governing structure, we can expect the government to ___(123)___ the challenges of the emergent new world. Nor to ask the ___(124)___ questions. Is it realistic — or even fair — to expect our elected leaders to deliver on the promises they make on their election ___(125)___? After all, they are continually electioneering and given the size of their constituencies and the cost of ___(126)___ an election, they cannot ___(127)___ their dependence on “financiers”. How can we expect leaders whose success has been achieved within a system framed by the ___(128)___ of nationalism and national politics, and whose continuation in power depends on appealing to narrow ascriptive identities, to be ___(129)___ to the global challenges of climate change, terrorism, migration or religious sectarianism? Most importantly, how can our democracy ___(130)___ the opportunities and threats of globalisation with the pressures of individual expectations?

- (a) increasing/refreshing
- (b) tired/distress
- (c) collapsing/crumbling
- (d) accomplished/achieved
- (e) fatigue/empty

Q123. One does not have to be a political theorist to ___(121)___ how in the face of the ___(122)___ state of these pillars of our governing structure, we can expect the government to ___(123)___ the challenges of the emergent new world. Nor to ask the ___(124)___ questions. Is it realistic — or even fair — to expect our elected leaders to deliver on the promises they make on their election ___(125)___? After all, they are continually electioneering and given the size of their constituencies and the cost of ___(126)___ an election, they cannot ___(127)___ their dependence on “financiers”. How can we expect leaders whose success has been achieved within a system framed by the ___(128)___ of nationalism and national politics, and whose continuation in power depends on appealing to narrow ascriptive identities, to be ___(129)___ to the global challenges of climate change, terrorism, migration or religious sectarianism? Most importantly, how can our democracy ___(130)___ the opportunities and threats of globalisation with the pressures of individual expectations?

- (a) venture/attack
- (b) tackle/address
- (c) materialize/distinguish
- (d) implement/create
- (e) contrive/derive

Q124. One does not have to be a political theorist to ___(121)___ how in the face of the ___(122)___ state of these pillars of our governing structure, we can expect the government to ___(123)___ the challenges of the emergent new world. Nor to ask the ___(124)___ questions. Is it realistic — or even fair — to expect our elected leaders to deliver on the promises they make on their election ___(125)___? After all, they are continually electioneering and given the size of their constituencies and the cost of ___(126)___ an election, they cannot ___(127)___ their dependence on “financiers”. How can we expect leaders whose success has been achieved within a system framed by the ___(128)___ of nationalism and national politics, and whose continuation in power depends on appealing to narrow ascriptive identities, to be ___(129)___ to the global challenges of climate change, terrorism, migration or religious sectarianism? Most importantly, how can our democracy ___(130)___ the opportunities and threats of globalisation with the pressures of individual expectations?

- (a) material/capital
- (b) opposite/deliberate
- (c) unreal/dangerous
- (d) consequential/significant
- (e) following/fatty

Q125. One does not have to be a political theorist to ___(121)___ how in the face of the ___(122)___ state of these pillars of our governing structure, we can expect the government to ___(123)___ the challenges of the emergent new world. Nor to ask the ___(124)___ questions. Is it realistic — or even fair — to expect our elected leaders to deliver on the promises they make on their election ___(125)___? After all, they are continually electioneering and given the size of their constituencies and the cost of ___(126)___ an election, they cannot ___(127)___ their dependence on “financiers”. How can we expect leaders whose success has been achieved within a system framed by the ___(128)___ of nationalism and national politics, and whose continuation in power depends on appealing to narrow ascriptive identities, to be ___(129)___ to the global challenges of climate change, terrorism, migration or religious sectarianism? Most importantly, how can our democracy ___(130)___ the opportunities and threats of globalisation with the pressures of individual expectations?

- (a) trail/movement
- (b) scope/trouble
- (c) aftermath/wake
- (d) dangle/flourish
- (e) shadow/charge

Q126. One does not have to be a political theorist to ___(121)___ how in the face of the ___(122)___ state of these pillars of our governing structure, we can expect the government to ___(123)___ the challenges of the emergent new world. Nor to ask the ___(124)___ questions. Is it realistic — or even fair — to expect our elected leaders to deliver on the promises they make on their election ___(125)___? After all, they are continually electioneering and given the size of their constituencies and the cost of ___(126)___ an election, they cannot ___(127)___ their dependence on “financiers”. How can we expect leaders whose success has been achieved within a system framed by the ___(128)___ of nationalism and national politics, and whose continuation in power depends on appealing to narrow ascriptive identities, to be ___(129)___ to the global challenges of climate change, terrorism, migration or religious sectarianism? Most importantly, how can our democracy ___(130)___ the opportunities and threats of globalisation with the pressures of individual expectations?

- (a) breaching/opposing
- (b) quitting/fraying
- (c) fighting/contesting
- (d) battling/conflicting
- (e) broiling/withstand

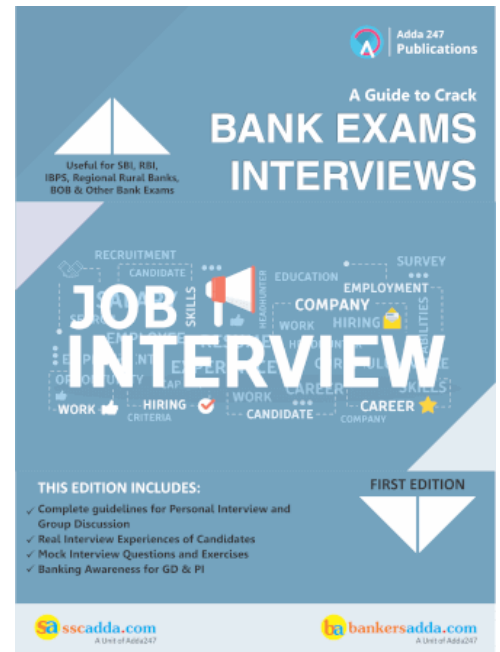
Q127. One does not have to be a political theorist to ___(121)___ how in the face of the ___(122)___ state of these pillars of our governing structure, we can expect the government to ___(123)___ the challenges of the emergent new world. Nor to ask the ___(124)___ questions. Is it realistic — or even fair — to expect our elected leaders to deliver on the promises they make on their election ___(125)___? After all, they are continually electioneering and given the size of their constituencies and the cost of ___(126)___ an election, they cannot ___(127)___ their dependence on “financiers”. How can we expect leaders whose success has been achieved within a system framed by the ___(128)___ of nationalism and national politics, and whose continuation in power depends on appealing to narrow ascriptive identities, to be ___(129)___ to the global challenges of climate change, terrorism, migration or religious sectarianism? Most importantly, how can our democracy ___(130)___ the opportunities and threats of globalisation with the pressures of individual expectations?

- (a) uphold/choose
- (b) cast/take in
- (c) yield/allow
- (d) flake out/vacate
- (e) discard/scrap

Q128. One does not have to be a political theorist to ___(121)___ how in the face of the ___(122)___ state of these pillars of our governing structure, we can expect the government to ___(123)___ the challenges of the emergent new world. Nor to ask the ___(124)___ questions. Is it realistic — or even fair — to expect our elected leaders to deliver on the promises they make on their election ___(125)___? After all, they are continually electioneering and given the size of their constituencies and the cost of ___(126)___ an election, they cannot ___(127)___ their dependence on “financiers”. How can we expect leaders whose success has been achieved within a system framed by the ___(128)___ of nationalism and national politics, and whose continuation in power depends on appealing to narrow ascriptive identities, to be ___(129)___ to the global challenges of climate change, terrorism, migration or religious sectarianism? Most importantly, how can our democracy ___(130)___ the opportunities and threats of globalisation with the pressures of individual expectations?

- (a) permission/license
- (b) straitjacket/barrier
- (c) impediment/agitation
- (d) arrest/deprivation
- (e) freedom/limit

Q129. One does not have to be a political theorist to ___(121)___ how in the face of the ___(122)___ state of these pillars of our governing structure, we can expect the government to ___(123)___ the challenges of the emergent new world. Nor to ask the ___(124)___ questions. Is it realistic — or even fair — to expect our elected leaders to deliver on the promises they make on their election ___(125)___?



After all, they are continually electioneering and given the size of their constituencies and the cost of ___(126)___ an election, they cannot ___(127)___ their dependence on “financiers”. How can we expect leaders whose success has been achieved within a system framed by the ___(128)___ of nationalism and national politics, and whose continuation in power depends on appealing to narrow ascriptive identities, to be ___(129)___ to the global challenges of climate change, terrorism, migration or religious sectarianism? Most importantly, how can our democracy ___(130)___ the opportunities and threats of globalisation with the pressures of individual expectations?

- (a) responsive/amenable
- (b) impassive/complying
- (c) considerate/grateful
- (d) favorable/influential
- (e) easy/alive

Q130. One does not have to be a political theorist to ___(121)___ how in the face of the ___(122)___ state of these pillars of our governing structure, we can expect the government to ___(123)___ the challenges of the emergent new world. Nor to ask the ___(124)___ questions. Is it realistic — or even fair — to expect our elected leaders to deliver on the promises they make on their election ___(125)___? After all, they are continually electioneering and given the size of their constituencies and the cost of ___(126)___ an election, they cannot ___(127)___ their dependence on “financiers”. How can we expect leaders whose success has been achieved within a system framed by the ___(128)___ of nationalism and national politics, and whose continuation in power depends on appealing to narrow ascriptive identities, to be ___(129)___ to the global challenges of climate change, terrorism, migration or religious sectarianism? Most importantly, how can our democracy ___(130)___ the opportunities and threats of globalisation with the pressures of individual expectations?

- (a) incite/disperse
- (b) adjust/allow
- (c) clarify/judge
- (d) reconcile/resolve
- (e) modify/separate

Directions (131-135): In each of the given questions an inference is given in bold which is then followed by three statements. You must find the statement(s) from where it is inferred. Choose the option with the best possible outcome as your choice.

Q131. North Korea's leader pledges to denuclearise the peninsula

(I) North Korean leader Kim Jong-un has pledged to denuclearise and meet U.S. officials, China said on Wednesday after a historic meeting with President Xi Jinping, who promised China would uphold friendship with its isolated neighbour. North Korea's KCNA news agency made no mention of Mr. Kim's pledge to denuclearise, or his anticipated meeting with U.S. President Donald Trump that is planned for some time in May.

(II) After two days of speculation, China and North Korea both confirmed that Mr. Kim had travelled to Beijing and met Mr. Xi during what China called an unofficial visit from Sunday to Wednesday. It is our consistent stand to be committed to denuclearization on the peninsula, in accordance with the will of late President Kim Il-sung and late General Secretary Kim Jong-il," Kim Jong-un said, according to the ministry.

(III) "The issue of denuclearisation of the Korean peninsula can be resolved if South Korea and the U.S. respond to our efforts with goodwill, create an atmosphere of peace and stability while taking progressive and synchronous measures for the realisation of peace," Mr. Kim said. Kim Jong-un's predecessors, grandfather Kim Il-sung and father Kim Jong-il, both promised not to pursue nuclear weapons but secretly maintained programmes to develop them, culminating in the North's first nuclear test in 2006 under Kim Jong-Il.

- (a) both (I) and (III)
- (b) both (II) and (III)
- (c) only (III)
- (d) both (I) and (II)
- (e) all of the above

Q132. Vinesh worked very hard and her dedication and love for wrestling helped her overcome a gut-wrenching knee injury.

(I) The Haryana wrestler will look to win her second CWG gold medal, and she might be even more motivated after the horrific knee injury she suffered at Rio 2016. "Whatever has happened, it is a thing of the past. The pain (of missing out on the Olympic medal) has somehow decreased now." says Vinesh.

(II) Vinesh chose to train at Lucknow along with other National campers, seek support from professionals in mental conditioning, recovery and nutrition from Olympic Gold Quest. According to OCG, requirements listed were specific and areas like weight management and mind training were targeted.

(III) The 24-year-old from the Phogat family is a very focused and strong-willed individual who knows the exact way to hone her mind and build up her body for the ordeal of competition. A podium finish will heal the scars of surgery post-Rio and make up for a long wait

- (a) only (I)
- (b) only (II)
- (c) only (III)
- (d) all of the above
- (e) none of the above


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Q133. Dubai's landscape is highlighted by sandy desert patterns, while gravel deserts dominate much of the southern region of the country.

(I) The flat sandy desert gives way to the Western Hajar Mountains. A vast sea of sand dunes covers much of southern Dubai and eventually leads into the desert known as The Empty Quarter. Seismically, Dubai is in a very stable zone—the nearest seismic fault line, the Zagros Fault, is 200 kilometres (124 miles) from the UAE and is unlikely to have any seismic impact on Dubai. Experts also predict that the possibility of a tsunami in the region is minimal because the Persian Gulf waters are not deep enough to trigger a tsunami.

(II) Dubai has no natural river bodies or oases; however, Dubai does have a natural inlet, Dubai Creek, which has been dredged to make it deep enough for large vessels to pass through. Dubai also has multiple gorges and waterholes, which dot the base of the Western Al Hajar mountains.

(III) The sand consists mostly of crushed shell and coral and is fine, clean and white. East of the city, the salt-crusted coastal plains, known as sabkha, give way to a north-south running line of dunes. Farther east, the dunes grow larger and are tinged red with iron oxide.

- (a) both (I) and (III)
- (b) both (I) and (II)
- (c) all (II) and (III)
- (d) all of the above
- (e) none of the above

Q134. For a given capacity, more number of cylinders is capable of producing more power.

(I) More cylinders mean more piston area and the increased piston area permits an increase in the total valve area, allowing more air and fuel to be drawn into the engine, and the shorter stroke permits higher revs at the same piston speed, allowing the engine to pump still more air and fuel with the potential to produce more power, but with more fuel consumption too.

(II) As you increase the number of cylinders, each piston (and its associated rod and crank journal) gets smaller and lighter. Lighter parts can rev higher, if they're built right resulting in more power

(III) Even if the engine capacities are same for a motorcycle, the engine with a greater number of cylinders will be more capable because a comparable bore to stroke ratios are employed, an engine with more cylinders will have a greater piston area and a shorter stroke.

(a) only (I)

(b) only (II)

(c) both (II) and (III)

(d) All of the above

(e) none of the above

Q135. Confidence is growing around the world that India can take on China in the future.

(I) The countries of Southeast Asia are divided among themselves about the virtues of growing closer to China, while Australia is split internally over the same question. Europe is distant, Russia a reluctant Chinese ally. Relations with China have not been good enough financially for Kazakhstan too.

(II) The unfortunate truth is that, however worthy this objective or sincere its expression, India's actions speak otherwise. Its diplomats and strategists continue to dither about whether or not balancing or containing China should be India's strategic objective. More importantly, the government isn't funding the military capability it would need to manage China's rise. India is short of cash and it is, unfortunately, starving its military.

(III) Only one country seems eager to deal with the ramifications of China's rise: India. Across dozens of world capitals, confidence is repeatedly expressed that India will seek, in the decades to come, to balance China. And in no capital, is this sentiment expressed more loudly than India's own.

(a) only (I)

(b) only (III)

(c) only (II)

(d) all of the above

(e) (II) and (III)

Directions (136-140): There are three sentences given in the following question. Find the sentence(s) which is/are grammatically correct and contextually meaningful and then mark your answer choosing the best possible alternative among the five options given below each question. If all sentences are correct, choose option (E) i.e., "All are correct" as your answer.

Q136. (I) The science of course play a significant role in development.

(II) Meghnad Saha with his thermal ionisation formula made India a leader in modern astronomy.

(III) Time is the essence for a reasonable satisfactory growth of modern science.

(a) Only (I) is correct

(b) Only (III) is correct

(c) Both (I) and (II) are correct

(d) Both (II) and (III) are correct

(e) All are correct

Q137. (I) MSP helps to procure adequate foodgrains through FCI, state agencies and co-operatives.

(II) Polymer is one of the basic ingredients to produce dress materials.

(III) The malady of our nation remains embedded in the colonial hangover.

- (a) Only (I) is correct
- (b) Only (II) is correct
- (c) Only (III) is correct
- (d) Both (I) and (III) are correct
- (e) All are correct



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Q138. (I) He had managed to recoup most of his financial losses by 1870.

(II) The break was taken to recoup her energy from the entertainment industry.

(III) Though it was an outstanding success, but it did not recoup its high costs.

- (a) Only (I) is correct
- (b) Only (III) is correct
- (c) Both (I) and (II) are correct
- (d) Both (II) and (III) are correct
- (e) All are correct

Q139. (I) Men and women should have the same chance of physical integrity.

(II) The territory integrity of neighbouring countries must be fully respected.

(III) Our views is that refugees should have the same right of personal integrity as our citizens.

- (a) Only (I) is correct
- (b) Only (II) is correct
- (c) Both (I) and (III) are correct
- (d) None is correct
- (e) All are correct

Q140. (I) If an extension is made, they will receive no recompense.

(II) He would receive three valuable gifts in recompense.

(III) There is no question of recompense for those who have lost money.

- (a) Only (II) is correct
- (b) Both (I) and (II) are correct
- (c) Both (II) and (III) are correct
- (d) Both (I) and (III) are correct
- (e) All are correct

Directions (141-145): Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and then answer the questions given below.

(A) Most of the firms under investigation are medium-sized.

(B) Authorities have so far focused on helping taxpayers get used to the new system.

(C) The nature of evasion includes non-payment of tax, wrongful claim of tax rebates and failure to remit to the government taxes collected from customers.

(D) The Directorate General of GST Intelligence, the apex intelligence unit under the Central Board of Excise and Customs (CBEC), has, in an all-India operation that began on Tuesday, detected tax evasion to the tune of Rs440 crore, a person privy to the development said on condition of anonymity.

(E) The sectors where tax evasion has been detected include iron and steel, port services and organized retailers, the person said, adding that this is the first time such an operation has been carried out after the new indirect tax regime was implemented on 1st July.

(F) The government has launched a crackdown on goods and services tax (GST) evaders ahead of the end of the fiscal year, signaling it will pursue tax dodgers.

Q141. Which of the following should be the FOURTH sentence after rearranging these sentences into a coherent paragraph?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q142. Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after rearranging these sentences into a coherent paragraph?

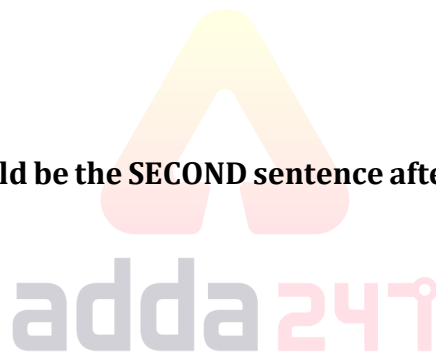
- (a) A
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) F
- (e) E

Q143. Which of the following should be the SIXTH (LAST) sentence after rearranging these sentences into a coherent paragraph?

- (a) A
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) F
- (e) B

Q144. Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after rearranging these sentences into a coherent paragraph?

- (a) A
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) F
- (e) B



Q145. Which of the following should be the FIFTH sentence after rearranging these sentences into a coherent paragraph?

- (a) A
- (b) D
- (c) E
- (d) F
- (e) B

Directions (146-150): Each of the following questions has a paragraph from which one sentence has been deleted. From the given options, choose the one that completes the paragraph in the most appropriate/coherent way.

Q146. Suffering is part of the natural order of the universe. At all levels in nature we see the struggle for survival, growth and decay, emergence of new life and a return to earth of what is biodegradable. Lacking the machinations of a mind, the order of creation just below humans does not cry out in anguish at its loss and destruction. Its passing away or transformation when it occurs, takes place often unnoticed, but always without complaint. _____

- (a) Death and destruction is never “avenged”.
- (b) Suffering came to be seen as punishment, sickness was often considered to be a consequence of sin.
- (c) It has been aptly said that suffering not transformed, is suffering transmitted.
- (d) The energy locked in our victimhood is released for our own good and that of others.
- (e) None of these

Q147. Floodplains are formed over millions of years by the flooding of rivers and deposition of sand on riverbanks. These sandy floodplains are exceptional aquifers where any withdrawal is compensated by gravity flow from a large surrounding area. Some floodplains such as those of Himalayan rivers contain up to 20 times more water than the virgin flow in rivers in a year. _____ If we conserve and use the floodplain, it can be a self-sustaining aquifer wherein every year, the river and floodplain are preserved in the same healthy condition as the year before.

- (a) It would also generate substantial revenue for the cities.
- (b) This is the philosophy of “conserve and use”.
- (c) Preserving the floodplain in its entirety is critical for this scheme to work.
- (d) Since recharge is by rainfall and during late floods, the water quality is good.
- (e) None of these

Q148. As search engines and algorithms replace encyclopaedias and libraries, tools like Elias are bound to become a more salient part of teaching. After all, memory has been outsourced since the written word came into place and an android is merely an engaging vessel through which children can access AI and internet-based learning software. _____. Freed from the dissemination of knowledge, assisted in assessing students, teachers can direct their attention to individual students who need it, and provide perspective rather than facts. If nothing else, Elias might free them from the tyranny of the young’s “why”. After all, impatience is all too human.

- (a) Teaching, as a profession, can conceivably be enhanced by the use of such protocols.
- (b) In Finland, efforts are on to provide teachers with a prosthetic for patience.
- (c) Elias is also a robot.
- (d) It is worrying because it reflects an increasing alienation between North and South in political discourse.
- (e) Resistance to this will take the form of greater regional assertion.

Q149. Renegotiating balance of power and new forms of cultural identity are all routine activities in politics. But they acquire more explosive potential when this negotiation takes place under three conditions: The political existence of a project of cultural hegemony, a fluid party system at the state level, and greater state centralisation. Right now this discontent seems only fleeting. But it would be a mistake to reduce it to the mere technicalities of a Finance Commission mandate. _____ . And it would be a mistake to underestimate how quickly cultural anxieties can snowball into a potent political force, in an age marked by fragile and uncertain identities on the one hand, and mean and ungenerous leaders on the other.

- (a) It is worrying because it reflects an increasing alienation between North and South in political discourse.
- (b) The discontent may not seem significant now.
- (c) There is more psychological and cultural anxiety fueling it.
- (d) The southern gauntlet is just an opening salvo.
- (e) Southern politics has itself been stuck in a rut.

Q150. When banks insure a farmer, they go by his declaration at the time of making the KCC and insure accordingly. There is no attempt to verify which crop has been actually planted and there is no system of asking the farmer to fill some form for crop insurance. As a result, when a crop loss is reported, there is a dispute between the farmer and the insurance company. It is catch 22 situation. On the one hand, the banker cannot name any other crop other than declared in the KCC, for a change would cause the invalidation of the card. On the other, on the farm there is some other crop which needs to be insured for the claims to be processed by the insurer. _____

- (a) This brings me to DBT in fertiliser subsidy.
- (b) The KCC is necessary to procure good quality inputs to raise productivity and production.
- (c) This will ensure better targeting and encourage digital transactions.
- (d) Some fear the farmers may misuse the crop loan if it is not linked to the scale of finance.
- (e) The result is that the farmer refuses to get his crop insured.

Q151. India and _____ have signed three MoUs on Extradition Treaty, cooperation in the field of Atomic Energy for peaceful purposes and VISA Waiver for Diplomatic and Official Passports.

- (a) Uganda
- (b) Kenya
- (c) Sudan
- (d) Malawi
- (e) Japan

Q152. Who was elected president of the International Boxing Association (AIBA) recently?

- (a) Jair Bolsonaro
- (b) Gafur Rakhimov
- (c) Mulatu Teshome Wirtu
- (d) Sahle Work Zewde
- (e) Thomas Bach

Q153. The 18th Indian Ocean Rim Association (IORA) Council of Ministers Meeting 2018 was held recently in _____.

- (a) Shanghai
- (b) Durban
- (c) Beijing
- (d) Tokyo
- (e) New Delhi

Q154. Which of the following is the global satellite navigation system of European Union?

- (a) BeiDou
- (b) Galileo
- (c) Falcon
- (d) GLONASS
- (e) Newton

Q155. In a first for India, HSBC Holdings Plc has executed a trade finance transaction using blockchain for an export by _____ to US-based Tricon Energy.


- (a) Tata Steels
- (b) Reliance Industries Ltd
- (c) Jindal and Sons
- (d) HDFC Bank
- (e) Indian Government

Q156. Delhi Chief Minister Arvind Kejriwal inaugurated Delhi's Signature Bridge, the _____ asymmetrical cable-stayed bridge in India.

- (a) second
- (b) third
- (c) first
- (d) fourth
- (e) fifth

Q157. Name the two countries that have recently started the 25th edition of SIMBEX that will be the "largest since 1994 in terms of scale and complexity".

- (a) India and Switzerland
- (b) India and Singapore
- (c) India and Indonesia
- (d) Indonesia and Singapore
- (e) Pakistan and Singapore



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Q158. Which state government has launched a new initiative named 'Mo Bus' services in the Bhubaneswar ahead of the Men's Hockey World Cup?

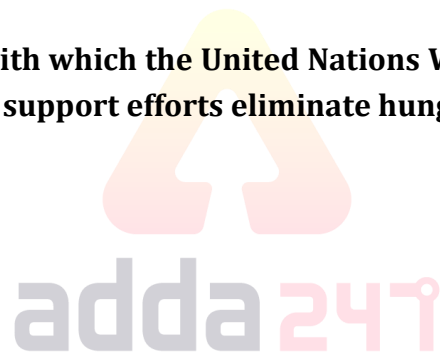
- (a) Rajasthan
- (b) Maharashtra
- (c) West Bengal
- (d) Odisha
- (e) Kerala

Q159. The Reserve Bank of India has initiated the process to set up a digital PCR to capture all the details of borrowers, including willful defaulters and also the pending legal suits in order to check financial delinquencies. What is the full form of PCR?

- (a) Private Credit Registry
- (b) Public Credit Registry
- (c) Public Common Registry
- (d) Public Credit Review
- (e) Public Credit Ratings

Q160. Name the Business Giant with which the United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) has formed a strategic partnership to support efforts eliminate hunger globally by 2030.

- (a) Alibaba Group
- (b) Paytm
- (c) Google
- (d) Walmart
- (e) Apple



Q161. DCB Bank has announced the launch of mVisa, a mobile-based payment solution that will make payments at retail outlets much easier. DCB Bank Based in-

- (a) West Bengal
- (b) Kerala
- (c) Maharashtra
- (d) Rajasthan
- (e) Gujarat

Q162. Which Indian city will host The Women's Boxing World Championships-2018.

- (a) Mumbai
- (b) Kolkata
- (c) Pune
- (d) New Delhi
- (e) Imphal

Q163. Defence Research and Development Organisation (DRDO) successfully flight tested the indigenously developed surface-to-surface tactical missile ____ recently.

- (a) Prahar
- (b) Arjun
- (c) Nag
- (d) Agni-III
- (e) Dhanush

Q164. Name the Bank which has launched SIMsePAY, a unique innovation that allows any account holder to do money transfers, pay utility bills and other mobile banking services, without the need for smartphones or internet.

- (a) State Bank of India
- (b) HDFC Bank
- (c) ICICI Bank
- (d) Yes Bank
- (e) Bank of Baroda

Q165. India's first 'smart fence' pilot project was inaugurated by Union Home Minister Rajnath Singh along the ____ border.

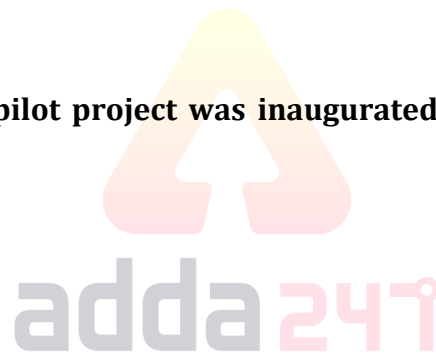
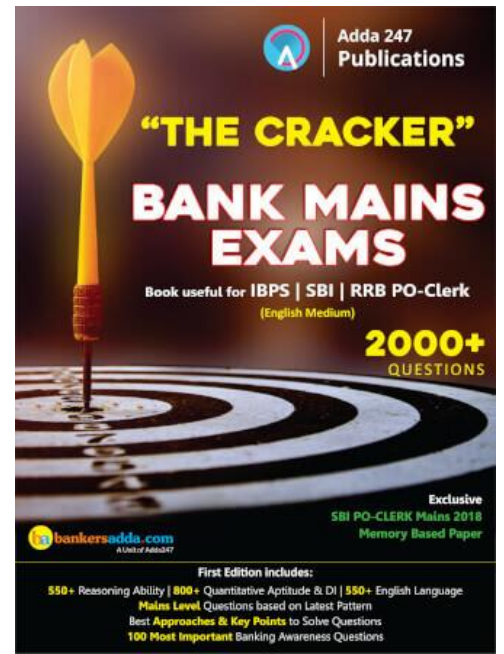
- (a) India-Bangladesh border
- (b) India-Pak border
- (c) India- Nepal border
- (d) India- China border
- (e) None of these

Q166. Which company has launched a prepaid mobile wallet "MobiCash" in association with the State bank of India?

- (a) TCS
- (b) BSNL
- (c) MTNL
- (d) OIC
- (e) RIL

Q167. Who won the women's Singles Japan Open 2018 title?

- (a) Nozomi Okuhara
- (b) Carolina Marin
- (c) Saina Nehwal
- (d) P V Shindu
- (e) Jwala Gutta



Q168. Private sector RBL Bank has launched APBS for small ticket micro-finance loan disbursements. APBS stands for-

- (a) Aadhaar Payment Bridge Service
- (b) Aadhaar Payment Bridge Sending
- (c) Aadhaar Payment Bridge Scheme
- (d) Aadhaar Payment Bridge solutions
- (e) Aadhaar Payment Bridge System

Q169. Rupee-denominated bonds, popularly referred to as ____.

- (a) Gold bond
- (b) India bond
- (c) Masala bond
- (d) Himalayan bond
- (e) None of these

Q170. Which Bank has launched EazyPay mobile application for merchants that allows all-in-one acceptance payments platform?

- (a) Bank of Baroda
- (b) Union Bank of India
- (c) ICICI Bank
- (d) Axis Bank
- (e) HDFC Bank

Q171. Name the new software, which has been launched in Rajasthan for presumptive diagnosis and monitoring of seasonal and non-communicable diseases as well as the trends of ailments found in specific areas.

- (a) Udaan
- (b) Nidaan
- (c) Samadhan
- (d) Nivaran
- (e) None of these

Q172. Festival of Nuakhai was recently celebrated in ____.

- (a) Maharashtra
- (b) Goa
- (c) Telangana
- (d) Odisha
- (e) Tripura

Q173. Which among the following Public sector Bank has launched Contactless Credit Card- Wave N Pay (on Visa Platinum platform), for transactions up to INR 2000?

- (a) Bank of Baroda
- (b) Union Bank of India
- (c) State Bank of India
- (d) Indian Bank
- (e) Punjab National Bank

Q174. Open Added Money Market Scheme was firstly introduced by-

- (a) UTI Mutual Fund
- (b) IDBI Mutual Fund
- (c) ICICI Mutual Fund
- (d) LIC Mutual Fund
- (e) None of these

Q175. Which Bank has launched a chatbot called OnChat on Facebook Messenger, that allows users to recharge phones, pay utility bills and book cabs?

- (a) Kotak Mahindra Bank
- (b) Axis Bank
- (c) ICICI Bank
- (d) HDFC Bank
- (e) City Union Bank

Q176. Who is the present Governor of Chhattisgarh?

- (a) Raman Singh
- (b) Anandiben Patel
- (c) Sheila Dikshit
- (d) Kiran Bedi
- (e) Satya Pal Malik

Q177. Name the England's highest Test run-scorer who has recently announced his retirement from International cricket after final Test against India.

- (a) Alastair Cook
- (b) Ian Bell
- (c) Jonathan Trott
- (d) Eoin Morgan
- (e) James Taylor

Q178. FICCI is the largest and oldest apex business organization in India. In which year FICCI was established?

- (a) 1967
- (b) 1957
- (c) 1947
- (d) 1927
- (e) 1937

Q179. The 106th Indian Science Congress (ISC-2019) will be held in which city?

- (a) Lucknow
- (b) Jalandhar
- (c) Jaipur
- (d) New Delhi
- (e) Pune

Q180. SIDBI is the principal development financial institution in India. In which year SIDBI was established?

- (a) 1982
- (b) 1990
- (c) 1988
- (d) 1992
- (e) 1999

Q181. The Centre will set up the country's biggest data centre in which city with a capacity to host five lakh virtual servers?

- (a) Jaipur
- (b) Lucknow
- (c) Bhopal
- (d) Bhubaneshwar
- (e) Kolkata

Q182. The Union Government has constituted a 21-member science and technology council to advise Prime Minister Narendra Modi on matters related to science, technology and innovations. The council will be headed by _____.

- (a) Manoj Sinha
- (b) Mahendra Padmakar
- (c) TS Vijayan
- (d) K Vijay Raghavan
- (e) Kumar Mangalam

Q183. The mission of TRAI is to create and nurture conditions for growth of telecommunications in the country in a manner and at a pace which will enable India to play a leading role in emerging global information society. TRAI stands for-

- (a) Telecom Regulatory Assembly of India
- (b) Telecom Regulatory Agency of India
- (c) Telecom Regulatory Authority of India
- (d) Telecom Regulatory Association of India
- (e) Telecast Regulatory Authority of India

Q184. What is the theme for World Hepatitis Day 2018?

- (a) Treat Hepatitis with Care
- (b) Test. Treat. Hepatitis
- (c) Early Test for Hepatitis
- (d) None of the given theme is true
- (e) Treat Hepatitis Well



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Q185. Who is present Chairman of IRDA?

- (a) Ajay Tyagi
- (b) TS Vijayan
- (c) Subhash Chandra Khuntia
- (d) Anil Kaushal
- (e) RS Sharma

Q186. Recently Mr. Tran Dai Quang died aged 61. He was president of _____.

- (a) Thailand
- (b) Cambodia
- (c) Vietnam
- (d) Romania
- (e) Malta

Q187. Name the PepsiCo's India-born CEO who will be honoured with the Game Changer of the Year award by a global cultural organisation Asia Society.

- (a) Indra Nooyi
- (b) Shikha Sharma
- (c) Chanda Durrani
- (d) Komolita Thakral
- (e) Anjali Tripathi

Q188. Name the bank that has become the first bank in the country to introduce Iris Scan Authentication feature for Aadhaar-based transactions through its micro ATM tablets.

- (a) Axis bank
- (b) SBI
- (c) HDFC Bank
- (d) ICICI Bank
- (e) IDBI Bank

Q189. Name the senior bureaucrat who has been appointed as chairman of the Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC).

- (a) T Suvarna Raju
- (b) M K Sarna
- (c) Praveen Koti
- (d) S Ramesh
- (e) Ratnesh Giri

Q190. What is the name of the free LPG connection scheme expanded to eight crore households, as announced in the Budget Session?

- (a) Roshani Mission
- (b) PMGKY
- (c) Ujjwala Yojana
- (d) APY
- (e) Smoke Exit

Q191. What is the Capital city of Cuba?

- (a) Suva
- (b) Baku
- (c) Havana
- (d) Madrid
- (e) Chiloe

Q192. Coimbatore city is situated on which river?

- (a) Penna river
- (b) Noyyal river
- (c) Sharavati river
- (d) Thamirabarani river
- (e) None of these

Q193. Indira sagar dam is located in which state?

- (a) Maharashtra
- (b) Haryana
- (c) Odisha
- (d) Madhya Pradesh
- (e) None of these

Q194. Name the first bank to provide mobile ATM.

- (a) SBI
- (b) ICICI Bank
- (c) Karnataka Bank
- (d) Dena Bank
- (e) Axis Bank



Q195. Where is the headquarter of Deutsche Bank?

- (a) Taiwan
- (b) Germany
- (c) France
- (d) Netherland
- (e) None of these

Q196. The Mukurthi National Park (MNP) is a 78.46 km² protected area located in

- (a) Andhra Pradesh
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Kerala
- (d) Assam
- (e) Tamil Nadu

Q197. Jharsuguda Thermal Power Plant is located in which state?

- (a) Uttar Pradesh
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Odisha
- (d) Andhra Pradesh
- (e) None of these

Q198. The book “In Pursuit of Proof: A History of Identification Documents in India” is written by which author?

- (a) Tarangini Sriraman
- (b) Charu Nivedita
- (c) Gaurav Sharma
- (d) Jayakanthan
- (e) None of these

Q199. The World Music Day is celebrated across the world on _____.

- (a) 22 June
- (b) 20 June
- (c) 15 June
- (d) 21 June
- (e) 11 June

Q200. Pankaj adwani is related to which sports?

- (a) Snooker
- (b) Tennis
- (c) Badminton
- (d) Athletics
- (e) None of these



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